The Carnegie Library

CARNEGIE LIBRARY
PENNA. STATE COLLEGE

# THE REPUBLICAN.

Established 1869. BELLEFONTE PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 14 1917. Vol. 48 No 24

## STABBING AFFAIR FATAL TO PHILIPSBURG MAN

### Walter Young Dead from Wound Received in Fight.

### ASSAILANT IS IN JAIL

**Thomas Menchic Under Arrest for Murder—Plans for Release by Habeas Corpus Proceedings Suddenly Halted by Young's Death.**

Tuesday evening Walter Young, of Philipsburg, died in the Cottage hospital at that place, a victim of a stabbing affair Thursday evening, May 24th. Since that time Thomas Menchio has been in the Bellefonte jail awaiting the result of Young's injuries. It was thought that he would recover but a sudden turn came for the worse with the fatal result.

The families reside next door to each other and quite frequently they had been having trouble, and on May 24th the two men had a quarel. Menchio claims he did the cutting in self defense, alleging that he was walking on one side of the street when Young crossed and struck him in the face. Menchio says he retaliated by striking Young with a paring knife which penetrated the latter's neck, causing a nasty wound. Menchio then went to the Squire's office and gave himself up.

The death of Young causes a new turn in the case and at the next term of court Menchio will have to stand trial for murder. The defendant is of Italian parentage and is about 35 years of age. He was born and raised in Snow Shoe and is well known in that vicinity. He was a coal miner and had been working in the mines near Philipsburg for some time.

**He Gave His Friends the Slip.**

Harry D. Williams, son of postmaster John I. Williams, of Lemont, while employed as solicitor for the Bell Telephone Co., in Bellefonte, gave his friends here the slip. He has charge of the construction work of the Bell Telephone Co., at Cleveland, Ohio, and last Friday he quietly slipped into Bellefonte and quietly slipped out again, taking with him Miss Grace Lyons, one of the bright and obliging operators in the Bell Telephone Exchange. They went to Altoona and tarried long enough to be married at the 1st Methodist church in that city. After the knot had been tied the happy couple left for Cleveland where the groom has a furnished flat and everything in shape for the reception of his bride. Both Mr. and Mrs. Williams have a large circle of friends in Bellefonte who wish for them much prosperity.

**Contributors to Troop L's. Truck Fund.**

Harry C. Valentine reports the names of the following subscribers to the Auto Truck Fund for Troop L. These subscriptions are all the more gratifying inasmuch as they were entirely voluntary, and without personal solicitation. It was in prompt recognition of Troop L's. pressing need of this truck: James R. Hughes, $5.00; J. L. Spangler, $5.00; J. L. McCarger, $2.00; H. S. Linn, $2.00; A. G. Morris, $5.00; Anna J. Valentine, $5.00; Caroline M. Valentine, $5.00; Andrew McNitt, $2.00; St. John's Episcopal Guild, $10.00; Rev. M. DePui Maynard, $1.00; H. C. Valentine, $2.00; Mrs. E. H. B. Calloway, $1.00.

**Working on Brick Plant.**

Work has been begun on the proposed new brick plant at Port Matilda. That such a plant would be established was announced in these columns several weeks ago. The plant will be located on the old Beckwith estate. Brick will be made from silica rock which is found in large quantities in the mountain in that section. The new company has about eighty-seven acres. About fifteen men are engaged in repairing buildings on the site, grading for new buildings, etc. It is expected to have the plant in operation about November 1st.

**Big Celebration on Fourth.**

Citizens of Port Matilda and vicinity are planning a monster celebration on the Fourth of July. The occasion will be featured by patriotic addresses, baseball game and other athletic events. There will be a big street parade, with floats, etc. Refreshments will be served and in the evening a festival will be held.

**Has a Chance to Deal a Blow.**

The young man in Centre county who is unable to go to the firing line still has a chance to deal the enemy a blow with a Liberty bond for calling the brave lads of this country tango lizards and male manicures.

## HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

**Numerous Events of Interest Precede Exercises of Graduating Class.**

This is High School week in Bellefonte—the time of year when a number of our young men and ladies will bid adieu to school activities and seek further into the hidden mysteries of higher education or take up various occupations of life. Last Sunday evening, headed by the School Board and faculty, the graduating class marched in a body to the Reformed church where the Baccalaureate sermon was delivered by Dr. Ambrose M. Schmidt, the pastor. The class, however, went to the church amid trials and tribulations because the gentleman who had contracted with Supt. Jonas Wagner for the gowns failed them. Shortly after they had reached the temple of worship the electric lights went out, and for a time the class and their friends were where Moses was when the lights went out. Just about the time they were getting a lantern fixed up so that the choir could see the hymn books the electric light was turned on and everything passed off very successfully.

The auditorium was beautifully decorated for the occasion and the music by the large choir was rendered in a manner that was much appreciated. In his earnest and forceful way Dr. Schmidt gave some advice to the young ladies and gentlemen as to the proper course they must follow in order to make the most and best out of life.

On Wednesday evening a very large audience assembled in the High School auditorium to witness the exercises connected with the Junior Declamatory Contest. Prof. Eugene Weik, who is making a capital principal for the High School, presided in his usual dignified manner. The music for the occasion was furnished by the High School orchestra. The prizes of $10 and $5 in gold have been the generous gift to the school of Col. W. Fred Reynolds. The contestants were Richard Noll, Gerald Whiting, Clarence Smeltzer, Mary Taylor, Rebecca Cruse, Francis Crawford, Betty Lockington, Eleanor Bower, John W. Smith and Grace King. The judges were Edwin Raymond Smith, Ph. D., and Asa Earl Martin, Ph. D., of State College, and Miss Margaretta Goheen, principal of the Boalsburg High School. The first prize was given to Mary Taylor and the second to Clarence Smeltzer.

The commencemet exercises will take place Friday evening at 8.15 o'clock in the High School auditorium, and will be an event of interest. The commencement address will be made by Prof. John Dennis Mahoney, head of the English department of the West Philadelphia High School. This will be followed by the presenting of diplomas and awarding of prizes by Dr. Melvin Locke, president of the School Board. The first honor was awarded to John Franklin Smith, Jr., and the second was given to Miss Regina Brandman. The following are the names of the graduating class:

Harry Brandman, Regina Brandman, Carl F. Cronemiller, Oro Cronister, Vida Davis, Claire J. Deitrich, Verona Fisher, Florence E. Gray, Irene Gross, Bertha Haverstine, Nellie Haverstine, Rachel Lambert, Sarah Leitzel, William Malone, Linn McGinley, Eleanor McSuley, Margaret Pendleton, Charlotte Reed, Malcolm Rhinesmith, Maud Rockey, Ann Shaughnessy, Donald Smith, Marion Smith, Russell Stickler, Elizabeth Taylor, Robert B. Taylor, Joseph Wagner, Samuel Waite, Harry Wetzel, Malcolm Wetzler, Frances E. Willard.

By permission of the School Board, A L. McGinley, John F. Smith, Jr., R. B. Taylor, H. W. Wetzel and M. L. Wetzler were permitted in April to enlist as volunteers in the Naval Reserve service of the United States. One of the main features of High School work is found in the manual training department under the supervision of Prof. Harold Menold. The several kinds of furniture made in that department and now on exhibition speaks louder than words of the efficiency of the students. The Domestic Science department is under the care of Miss Anne Dashiell. Remarkable work has been done here in teaching the girls how to cook and keep house.

**Ambulance Department.**

There are several young men in Bellefonte who desire to be associated with the American Ambulance Corps. The latter part of this week all accepted men for this department will go into training at Allentown; men who cannot serve in the ranks will be accepted here. Where are Russel Blair and his men?

**Marriage Licenses.**

Register Frank Sasserman has issued the following marriage licenses.

| | |
|---|---|
| George McKee Mock, Joseph H. Meyers, | Philipsburg " |
| John Colson, Allie Yonock, | Munson " |
| Ambrose E. Lyons, Myrtle Z. Norris, | State College " " |

## Sheriff Warns Against Evading Registration.

The following telegram was received from Governor Brumbaugh on June 11.

The Sheriff of Centre County, Bellefonte, Penn.

Washington advises quotas are to be assigned to the several states in proportion to their population as determined by the bureau of the census and not in proportion to the registration. The result is that every person who has failed to register is seriously increasing the burden of those who have registered. Ample notice and every opportunity has now been given and there is no longer any argument upon which the conduct of non-registrants can be condoned. The period of leniency now has passed. Attention is invited to paragraph sixteen of the regulations. It is requested that every effort be now made to detect and arrest persons subject to registration who have not registered and to bring each case promptly to the attention of the nearest representative of the department of justice. Wide publicity should be given to the effect of non-registration in increasing the burden of those who have registered. Care should be taken that the lists prescribed in paragraph thirty-nine are promply posted and all registrants should be asked to assist in bringing non-registrants to the attention of the police. Summarization report of registration from the various boards be compared with estimates of census bureau and effort should be concentrated on those districts where discrepancies between registration and estimates seems greatest. In case of doubt as to the age of persons who have not registered the tabulated record of political organizations and other local records should be consulted and data may be obtained from the bureau of the census. The purpose of this telegram is to inaugurate from tomorrow a vigorous, aggressive and effective enforcement of the penal clauses of the selective service law against all who have by their failure or refusal to register brought themselves under these provisions. The department of justice is sending today similar advices to United States Attorneys and marshals with instructions to release on their own recognizances all persons arrested by marshals or deputy marshals or by state, county and municipal police officers and turned over to them who promptly register under the terms of paragraph forty, "Registration Regulations." The secretary of war construes section five of the select service law as requiring compulsory registration by the officer making the arrest of each arrested person immediately upon conviction. Please give notice to all who have any duty enjoined upon them in connection with the enforcement with the penal clauses of the paragraph sixteen of the regulations.

In pursuance of the above telegram Sheriff Yarnell has sent the following notice to police and constables of Centre County.

As ample notice and opportunity has now been given there is on longer any argument upon which non-registrants can be condoned. The period of leniency now has passed therefore it is requested that every effort be now made to detect and arrest persons subject to registration who have not registered; and to bring each case promptly to the attention of the nearest representative of the department of justice. It is the duty of all registrants to assist in bringing non-registrants to the attention of constables and police. The secretary of war construes section 5 of the selective law as requiring compulsory registration by the officer making the arrest of each arrested person immediately upon his conviction.

GEO. H. YARNELL, Sheriff, Centre County.

### Summary of Military Registration in County.

| AGES | White: Persons totally disabled. | White: Dependent relatives indicated. | White: Occupational exemptions indicated. | White: Totals of columns 1, 2, and 3. | White: Cards indicating no exemptions. | White: Totals of columns 4 and 5. | Colored: Dependent relatives indicated. | Colored: Occupational exemptions indicated. | Colored: Totals of columns 7 and 8 | Colored: Cards indicating no exemptions. | Colored: Totals of columns 9 and 10. | Aliens, Etc.: Aliens. | Aliens, Etc.: Alien enemies. | Aliens, Etc.: Total of columns 12 and 13. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 21 | 5 | 103 | 13 | 121 | 201 | 322 | 1 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 13 | | 13 |
| 22 | 2 | 116 | 8 | 126 | 160 | 286 | 3 | | 3 | 1 | 4 | 11 | | 11 |
| 23 | 5 | 156 | 18 | 179 | 153 | 332 | 2 | | 2 | | 2 | 14 | | 14 |
| 24 | 2 | 156 | 7 | 164 | 126 | 290 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 20 | | 20 |
| 25 | 4 | 156 | 7 | 167 | 133 | 300 | 4 | | 4 | 3 | 7 | 31 | | 31 |
| 26 | 5 | 166 | 8 | 179 | 88 | 267 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 30 | | 30 |
| 27 | 3 | 187 | 13 | 203 | 97 | 300 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 24 | 1 | 31 |
| 28 | 5 | 179 | 13 | 197 | 76 | 273 | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 5 | 20 | | 20 |
| 29 | 3 | 187 | 11 | 201 | 72 | 273 | | | | | | 20 | | 20 |
| 30 | 7 | 207 | 9 | 223 | 65 | 288 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 20 | | 20 |
| | 41 | 1612 | 107 | 1760 | 1171 | 2931 | 13 | 1 | 14 | 13 | 27 | 213 | 1 | 214 |

## HELP A WORTHY CAUSE

**Bellefonte Academy Minstrels to Aid Purchasing Truck for Troop L.**

One of the finest amateur entertainments ever given in Bellefonte was the Academy minstrels which played before a packed house several weeks ago. The music was of the finest type and surpassed much of that often heard at regular traveling minstrels. Generally the Academy gives its performance two evenings in order to give everybody a chance to see and hear it. This time the second night was abandoned, but there has arisen an emergency which should demand the attention of every citizen in Bellefonte.

Troop L, of Bellefonte, is very anxious to secure a Ford truck before going to the seat of war. It is very difficult to tell just what moment they will be called to duty so an immediate effort is being put forth to secure what all other troops have, a truck. To this end many of the students of the Bellefonte Academy have deferred going home at this vacation time until Friday in order to help the object along. To-night, (Thursday) it is the purpose of the Academy to repeat the minstrels in Garmans opera house for this special benefit. The opera house, electric light, printing and everything else has been donated, thus every penny that is taken in this evening goes directly to the purchasing of the truck. Everybody should fall in line, even the people in the country having automobiles should contribute something to this very worthy object. The price of admission on this occasion will be 25 cents to any part of the house. The show is up-to-date in every particular, and besides getting the worth of your money you are co-operating in a most worthy cause. Don't let anybody remain away who can get there.

**Several Boys Accused.**

Judge Quigley on Wednesday sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory, and subsequently withdrew the sentence and committed to the care of William Wood, overseer of Rush Township, Leonard Hefron and Wilson Miller, of Philipsburg, charged with a rather serious offense. Both boys are about 16 years old. They are directed to report to Mr. Wood each month.

Three boys from Snow Shoe, one aged 9 years and the two others 14, each, were charged with causing a fire in the mountains. It was developed that they had carelessly thrown some matches on the ground. Judge Quigley gave them a sharp lecture and allowed them to return home.

An imbecile child of Ida Allen, of Patton Township, was committed to Polk Institute. The mother is in the Danville asylum.

**Salary of Teachers Raised.**

The school directors of Rush township, at a meeting held on Monday evening, did a commendable thing in giving each of the school teachers an advance of $10 per month, which means that the $40.00 teachers will receive $50.00, the $50.00 teachers $60.00, etc. There are twenty-two teachers employed in the township who will be benefited by this action.

Advertise in "The Republican."

## STATE COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

**A New Note of Seriousness Pervaded the Exercises of the Week.**

The presence of khaki-clad students and the absence—because of enlistments and training camps—of nearly half of the 388 who received degrees made the fifty-seventh commencement at the Pennsylvania State College this week distinctly a wartime function. The academic procession to the exercises in the Schwab auditorium from the Carnegie Library was thinned by the call to national service to which many of the students have responded.

The movement which in the past formed part of the week's program was lacking, because the festivities were shorn of their frivolous trappings. There was little ostentation, and all the programs were modified.

Presenting their candidates for recognition, the deans of the various schools on Monday recited the achievements of State College men and women who were unable to be present to receive their degrees, and complimented the entire graduating class on its patriotism. The big gaps in the ranks of the seniors and faculty denoted the number of men that Penn State already has contributed to the service of the government. Diplomas will be forwarded to graduates who were too busy in camps and on farms to come here for them.

**Breaks An Arm.**

The families of H. J. Thompson and Gust Heverly, of Bellefonte, have been warm friends and frequently Mr. and Mrs. Heverly have enjoyed an auto ride in Mr. Thompson's Franklin car. Several weeks ago Mr. Heverly purchased a Ford runabout and to reciprocate the kindness of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Heverly called up Mrs. Thompson last Thursday afternoon and inquired if she would like to take a ride in the new car. The invitation was accepted and Mr. Heverly started down the state road towards Lock Haven. When on this side of Mill Hall, Mr. Heverly attempted to throw on the lights to show how nicely they worked. On the side of the road was a pile of crushed stone to be used in repairing the road. Naturally the car struck it and over it went on its side. Both parties were thrown out, Mrs. Thompson escaping injury while Mr. Heverly had his left arm broken above the wrist. Kind friends took them to Mill Hall where the broken arm was set and afterwards they were driven home. The windshield of the car was broken but otherwise the "critter" kept on running just as a Ford will always do when in a wreck. Mr. Heverly is getting along nicely while Mrs. Thompson is about over her fright.

**Names of Floral Contributors.**

The following is a list of those in Bellefonte and vicinity who so kindly and generously contributed flowers that were laid on the graves of the old soldiers on Decoration Day. Gregg Post, No. 95, G. A. R., takes this method of thanking all who showed their interest in this way:

Mark Miller, L. Knisely, Levina Morrison, Sarah Gordon, Ione Dawson, Francis Auman, Richard Cherry, Donald Klinger, M. Monsel, L. Yearger, Eugene Gentzel, Charles Bullock, Mabel Poorman, Annie Galonce, Ross Derstine, Irene Smeed, Mary Woodring, Catherine Meyer, Elizabeth Larimer, Alice Glossmyer, Claud Smoyer, Richard Taylor, Marion Huff, Walter Clark, Roy Derstine, Jack Taylor, Robert Smoyer, Harry Kern, Margaret Taylor, Dorris Moore, Harry Yeager, Leopold Levi, Foster McGovern, Goldie Hampton, Minnie Walker, William Gordon, Charles Long, Barrett Murphy, Esther Johnston, Elizabeth Labe, James Shope, Thomas McGovern, Mr. Sheffler, Pearl Knisely, Eleanor and Louise Wallace, Hannah Tressler, Elizabeth Hunter and Mrs. Schmidt, wife of Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt who contributed a box of twenty-five beautiful bouquets which was highly appreciated.

**Special Railroad Notice.**

F. H. Thomas, superintendent of the Bellefonte Central Railroad, in conformity with a request made by the Special Committee on National Defense of the American Railroad Association, will curtail the passenger train service on the Bellefonte Central Railroad between Bellefonte and State College. On Monday, June the 18th, the schedule will be changed to one round trip a day. The train will leave Bellefonte at 1.45 o'clock in the afternoon and return, leaving State College at 5 o'clock, thus all morning trains to and from the College will be eliminated.

This curtailing on all the railroads of the United States with reference to the passenger service, is to save coal and other railroad supplies and equipment which has become an absolute necessity on account of the present war.

## SUMMARY IS MADE OF COUNTY REGISTRATION

### 3172 Signed Cards for Service in War Against Germany.

### MANY ASK EXEMPTION

**Large Number Give Various Reasons Why They are Not Qualified for Duty—But One Unnaturalized German Registered in County.**

Centre County's military registration on June 5th totaled 3172. This total includes a number whose cards were not turned in until a day or two after the registration day. Of the 2931 white persons registered 1769 indicated some cause for exemption, as compared with 1171 whose cards indicated no such reasons. But one unnaturalized German residing in the county and coming within the prescribed age limit was registered.

Several cases developed where persons were somewhat reluctant to register and indicated that they were over 31 years old, but when they were made to understand the gravity of failure to register they changed front and signed the cards.

The registration in the county was most thorough and was efficiently handled. To Sheriff Yarnell is due the greatest possible credit for the general result. He devoted virtually his whole time for several weeks to arranging for the registration. His work has been highly praised upon all sides.

A complete list of registrations will be found on the 6th and 7th pages of this issue.

**A Pleasing Surprise.**

The general opinion is that a woman can never keep a secret but Mrs. Josie Loeb, of Bellefonte, demonstrated that there are some women who are not anxious to tell all they know. She had been associated with her sister, Miss Nettie Newman, in the ladies' dress and furnishing business for the past year and yet not a word did she say to anyone about her future prospects.

On Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock she was quietly married to A. Frank, of Nashville, Tenn. The wedding took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. William Grauer, at Altoona. After the nuptial knot had been tied and dinner served they took an afternoon train for a wedding trip of about ten days after which they will be at home at Nashville, where Mr Frank is a prominent business man. The bride is a most excellent woman and her many warm friends in Bellefonte will join in wishing her much of the goods things of life.

**Teachers Elected.**

At a recent meeting of the Bellefonte school board the following teachers were elected for the ensuing year:

Eugene A. Weik to be principal of the High school to succeed Dr. H. F. Whiting, resigned.

C. L. Miller, of Mount Morris, N. J., teacher of mathematics.

Miss Eleanor Cook, late teacher at Three Rivers, Mich., as successor of Miss Alice Lowry, third grade, who was not an applicant for re-election.

Miss Lois Kirk, a graduate of the Indiana State Normal, as substitute to succeed Miss Ethel Dale.

Miss Katherine Allison, a graduate of the Drexel Institute, as assistant to Miss Dashiell, instructor in household arts.

All the remainder of the old teaching staff were re-elected.

G. L. Miller, is a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Smith, of Bellefonte and was formerly an instructor in the Bellefonte Academy.

**American Officers in France.**

American officers, members of the staff of Major General John J. Pershing, and constituting his advance guard in the movement toward the war front, have arrived in Paris. They will at once take up the preparations for the arrival of their chief.

Monday General Pershing lunched with the King and Queen of England. He would be further honored with functions there for days to come, but it is likely that he will not stand for unnecessary delay in proceeding to France.

Lord Northcliffee, special Ambassador of King George to the United States, has arrived at an American port.

**Farmers' Institutes.**

County Commissioner Daniel Grove, Col. W. Fred Reynolds and Col. John A. Woodward, composed a committee that met at the Court House Tuesday when they selected Spring Mills, Centre Hall and Port Matilda as the places in Centre county where farmers' institutes will be held next winter. The dates will be set by the department in Harriburg.

## WHEN THE WAR IS OVER.

**The Industrial, Social and Civic Life of Nations Will be Readjusted.**

"When the war is over there will be made upon us such demands for men and women of knowledge and training as have never before come to any country. There will be equal need for a much higher average of general intelligence for citizenship, than has been necessary until now. The world will have to be rebuilt and American college men and women must assume a large part of the task. In all international affairs we must play a more important part than we have in the past. For years we must feed our own industrial population and a large part of the population of western and central Europe. We must readjust our industrial and social and civic life and institutions. We must extend our foreign commerce. We must increase our production to pay our large war debts and to carry on all the enterprises for the general welfare which has been begun, but many of which will be retarded as the war continues. China and Russia with their new democracies and their new developments which will come as a result will need and ask our help in many ways. England, France, Italy and the Central Powers will all be going through a process of reconstruction and we should be ready to give them generously every possible help.

Their colleges and universities are now almost empty. Their older students, their recent graduates, and their younger professors are fighting and dying in the trenches, or are already dead; as are many of their older scientific and literary men, artists and others whose work is necessary for the enlargement of the cultural and spiritual life and for all that makes for higher civilization. For many years after the war some of these countries will be unable to support their colleges and universities as they have supported them in the past. America must come to the rescue. We must be ready to assume all the responsibilites and perform thoroughly and well all the duties that will come to us in the new and more closely related world which will rise out of the ruins of the old world which is now passing away in the destruction of the war. To what extent and how well we may be able to do this will depend upon you young men and women who are this year graduating from our high schools and upon those who will follow in the next few years to a larger degree than upon any other like number of people.

### The Liberty Loan Bond.

America is in the war and only one outcome can be considered possible by Americans. That is victory. To achieve victory the country must furnish the sinews of war. With victory will come peace and therefore each purchaser of a Liberty Loan Bond may be considered an agent of peace.

President Wilson says: "To our task we dedicate our lives and our fortunes."

Theodore Roosevelt says: "Let us make 'the bondholders' and 'the people' interchangeable terms."

Secretary McAdoo says: 'Every man and woman in the country must get behind the Liberty Loan."

Every farmer in Centre county, should make an effort to take a Liberty Bond. Should Germany win this war the probabilities are your farms would be confiscated or taxed so high that it would be impossible to hold them. Better take 3½ per cent. on bonds than run the risk of losing all your possessions. Buy a bond.

### Submarine Problem Solved.

A ship which can be torpedoed certainly two and probably three times and still make its way to port without great loss of cargo is the standard ship planned by Major General Goethals, general manager of the Shipping Corporation. This, he has told Senators, is his solution of the submarine problem, not the "thousand little 3,500-ton wooden ships," each of which one torpedo would send to the bottom. Another big advantage of the ship planned by the General is that it could strike a mine and still get into port. The ships would be about 15,000 tons each, he said, more than 500 feet long, and constructed with water-tight compartments.

### Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain unclaimed in the Bellefonte postoffice :—

A. Adair, C. B. Ayers, William Backhaus, Miss Emma Parsons, Miss Willen Barfet, Miss Grace Bryan, Master Arthur Crotzer, Mrs. William Emanuel, Miss Pearl Harter, Mrs. F. J. Holley, Miss Lizzie Jacobs, Mrs. Maude Kennan, Miss G. Larue, Thomas Leach, J. E. Moore, Theodore D. Richards, Jno. F. Rodgers, Miss Body Saples, Miss Body Samples, Miss Beatrice Schrach, Miss Margaret Summers. When called for please say advertised.

### "Billy" on Germany.

"If hell were turned upside down, you would find 'made in Germany' stamped upon the bottom," is Billy Sunday's latest attack upon the Kaiser. "Germany will be cross-eyed before she is through watching what we are doing," he added.

Itch ! Itch ! Itch !—Scratch ? Scratch ! Scratch ! The more you scratch, the worse the itch. Try Doan's Ointment. For eczema, any skin itching. 50c. a box.

## PA. GUARD WILL GO AS UNIT.

**There is No Intention of Sending Only Part of Troops to France.**

When the Pennsylvania National Guard is sent to the battlefields of France it will go as a division. There is no intention upon the part of the war department to send the First, Third, Thirteenth and Eighteenth infantry ahead of the rest of the division, as has been reported. Unqualified denial of the report, which came from Philadelphia, was last week made by Brigadier General William A. Mann, chief of the division of militia affairs, and Brigadier General H. P. McCain, adjutant general of the army.

"We intend to adhere to our plan not to break up divisions," said General Mann. "That means that all the Pennsylvania troops will go together. The entire country has been divided into divisions and all our plans have been worked out along that line. If we should take individual regiments from the divisions all our plans would be shifted."

General Mann said that for two weeks after the Pennsylvania guardsmen are mustered into the federal service on July 15th, they will be quartered in their armories and not sent to the state mobilization camps as originally intended. The reason for keeping them in their armories is that it will facilitate recruiting the companies to full war strength, because the troops can parade in the cities and towns and do active recruiting work.

Furthermore, the cantonment will not be ready to receive them then, and there will be many routine matters to dispose of before training in the field begins.

It is altogether probable that a number of men now holding commissions in the Pennsylvania National Guard will not be given corresponding ranks in the federal service. General Mann said that the adjutant general of each state has been requested to supply a list of the officers he considers inefficient. The report General Stewart submits will be checked up with the records of the officers. As all officers down to second lieutenant must be recommissioned by the President when they enter the federal service, it will be easy to drop any officer, who is not qualified. All officers above the rank of colonel must be confirmed by the Senate.


## BACKACHE IS A WARNING

**Bellefonte People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.**

Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To cure the pains and aches, to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, bladder disorders, headaches, dizzy spells, or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested kidney remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over 50 years. Read this Bellefonte testimony.

Mrs. J. F. Thal, 23 W. Thomas St., says: "I suffered from backache and severe pains across my loins. I also had headaches and dizzy spells, when I got up in the morning. Bladder disorders caused me a lot of annoyance. My attention was called to Doan's Kidney Pills and I began taking them, getting my supply at Green's Pharmacy Co. One box removed the backache and relieved me of the other trouble from my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me a lot and I always have a good word for them."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—Get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Thal had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.


### Pennsy to Curtail Passenger Service.

Rumors are rife regarding the radical changes being arranged for the elimination of passenger trains in accordance with the recommendations of the National Council of Defense. It is said that every branch line, even, will experience curtailment of passenger train service. It is more than likely that the Pennsylvania Lehigh flyer will make its last run within a month. And instead of three trains each day on the B. E. V. and T. & C. but two trains a day is said to be the program booked for the Tyrone division.

### Kaiser Barely Escapes.

Word was received from London Saturday that three German officers were killed when the British aeroplane squadron recently bombarded Ghent. Bombs were hurled with deadly effect upon the railway station at Ghent. The Kaiser barely escaped the fusillade. General Hindenburg and Prince Eitel were also in the danger area but they escaped harm. They will get him yet.

### Handsome New Offices.

H. B. Scott & Co., coal operators, have occupied rooms on the third floor of the new Moshannon National bank building, Philipsburg. They have two large rooms, well ventilated and lighted, and with handsome new furniture, rugs, etc. No finer coal offices are to be found in the central Pennsylvania field.

Accidents will happen, but the best regulated families keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil for such emergencies. Two sizes 25c and 50c at all stores.

# HOW SHALL WE PAY FOR THE WAR?

## A Constructive Criticism on the House Revenue Bill.

## LOANS BETTER THAN TAXES

**Five Reasons Why Excessive Taxes at the Outset of War Are Disadvantageous—Great Britain Example Worthy of Emulation—How the Taxes Should Be Apportioned.**

By EDWIN R. A. SELIGMAN,
McVickar Professor of Political Economy, Columbia University.

On May 23, 1917, the House of Representatives passed an act "to provide revenue to defray war expenses and for other purposes." In the original bill as presented by the Committee of Ways and Means, the additional revenue to be derived was estimated at $1,810,420,000. The amendment to the income tax, which was tacked on to the bill during the discussion in the House, was expected to yield another $40,000,000 or $50,000,000.

In discussing the House bill, two problems arise:

I. How much should be raised by taxation?

II. In what manner should this sum be raised?

### I. How Much Should Be Raised by Taxation?

How was the figure of $1,800,000,000 arrived at? The answer is simple. When the Secretary of the Treasury came to estimate the additional war expenses for the year 1917-18, he calculated that they would amount to some $6,000,000,000, of which $3,000,000,000 was to be allotted to the allies, and $3,000,000,000 was to be utilized for the domestic purposes. Thinking that it would be a fair proposition to divide this latter sum between loans and taxes, he concluded that the amount to be raised by taxes was $1,800,000,000.

There are two extreme theories, each of which may be dismissed with scant courtesy. The one is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by loans, and the other is that all war expenditures should be defrayed by taxes. Each theory is untenable.

It is indeed true that the burdens of the war should be borne by the present rather than the future generation; but this does not mean that they should be borne by this year's taxation.

Meeting all war expenses by taxation makes the taxpayers in one or two years bear the burden of benefits that ought to be distributed at least over a decade within the same generation.

In the second place, when expenditures approach the gigantic sums of present-day warfare, the tax-only policy would require more than the total surplus of social income. Were this absolutely necessary, the ensuing havoc in the economic life of the community would have to be endured. But where the disasters are so great and at the same time so unnecessary, the tax-only policy may be declared impracticable.

Secretary McAdoo had the right instinct and highly commendable courage in deciding that a substantial portion, at least, of the revenues should be derived from taxation. But when he hit upon the plan of 50-50 per cent., that is, of raising one-half of all domestic war expenditures by taxes, the question arises whether he did not go too far.

The relative proportion of loans to taxes is after all a purely business proposition. Not to rely to a large extent on loans at the outset of a war is a mistake.

**Disadvantages of Excessive Taxes.**

The disadvantages of excessive taxes at the outset of the war are as follows:

1. Excessive taxes on consumption will cause popular resentment.

2. Excessive taxes on industry will disarrange business, damp enthusiasm and restrict the spirit of enterprise at the very time when the opposite is needed.

3. Excessive taxes on incomes will deplete the surplus available for investments and interfere with the placing of the enormous loans which will be necessary in any event.

4. Excessive taxes on wealth will cause a serious diminution of the incomes which are at present largely drawn upon for the support of educational and philanthropic enterprises. Moreover, these sources of support would be dried up precisely at the time when the need would be greatest.

**5. Excessive taxation at the outset of the war will reduce the elasticity available for the increasing demands that are soon to come.**

**Great Britain's Policy.**

Take Great Britain as an example. During the first year of the war she increased taxes only slightly, in order to keep industries going at top notch. During the second year she raised by new taxes only 9 per cent. of her war expenditures. During the third year she levied by additional taxes (over and above the pre-war level) only slightly more than 17 per cent. of her war expenses.

If we should attempt to do as much in the first year of the war as Great Britain did in the third year it would suffice to raise by taxation $1,250,000,000. If, in order to be absolutely on the safe side, it seemed advisable to increase the sum to $1,500,000,000, this should, in our opinion, be the maximum.

In considering the apportionment of the extraordinary burden of taxes in war times certain scientific principles are definitely established:

**How Taxes Should Be Apportioned.**

(1) The burden of taxes must be spread as far as possible over the whole community so as to cause each individual to share in the sacrifices according to his ability to pay and according to his share in the Government.

(2) Taxes on consumption, which are necessarily borne by the community at large, should be imposed as far as possible on articles of quasi-luxury rather than on those of necessity.

(3) Excises should be imposed as far as possible upon commodities in the hands of the final consumer rather than upon the articles which serve primarily as raw material for further production.

(4) Taxes upon business should be imposed as far as possible upon net earnings rather than upon gross receipts or capital invested.

(5) Taxes upon income which will necessarily be severe should be both differentiated and graduated. That is, there should be a distinction between earned and unearned incomes and there should be a higher rate upon the larger incomes. It is essential, however, not to make the income rate so excessive as to lead to evasion, administrative difficulties, or to the more fundamental objections which have been urged above.

(6) The excess profits which are due to the war constitute the most obvious and reasonable source of revenue during war times. But the principle upon which these war-profit taxes are laid must be equitable in theory and easily calculable in practice.

**The Proposed Income Tax.**

The additional income tax as passed by the House runs up to a rate of 60 per cent. This is a sum unheard of in the history of civilized society. It must be remembered that it was only after the first year of the war that Great Britain increased her income tax to the maximum of 34 per cent., and that even now in the fourth year of the war the income tax does not exceed 42½ per cent.

It could easily be shown that a tax with rates on moderate incomes substantially less than in Great Britain, and on the larger incomes about as high, would yield only slightly less than the $532,000,000 originally estimated in the House bill.

It is to be hoped that the Senate will reduce the total rate on the highest incomes to 34 per cent, or at most to 40 per cent, and that at the same time it will reduce the rate on the smaller incomes derived from personal or professional earnings.

**If the war continues we shall have to depend more and more upon the income tax. By imposing excessive rates now we are not only endangering the future, but are inviting all manner of difficulties which even Great Britain has been able to escape.**

**Conclusion.**

The House bill contains other fundamental defects which may be summed up as follows:

(1) It pursues an erroneous principle in imposing retroactive taxes.

(2) It selects an unjust and unworkable criterion for the excess-profits tax.

(3) It proceeds to an unheard-of height in the income tax.

(4) It imposes unwarranted burdens upon the consumption of the community.

(5) It is calculated to throw business into confusion by levying taxes on gross receipts instead of upon commodities.

(6) It fails to make a proper use of stamp taxes.

(7) It follows an unscientific system in its flat rate on imports.

(8) It includes a multiplicity of petty and unlucrative taxes, the vexatiousness of which is out of all proportion to the revenue they produce.

* * * * * * *

The fundamental lines on which the House bill should be modified are summed up herewith:

(1) The amount of new taxation should be limited to $1,250,000,000—or at the outset to $1,500,000,000. To do more than this would be as unwise as it is unnecessary. To do even this would be to do more than has ever been done by any civilized Government in time of stress.

(2) The excess-profits tax based upon a sound system ought to yield about $500,000,000.

(3) The income-tax schedule ought to be revised with a lowering of the rates on earned incomes below $10,000, and with an analogous lowering of the rates on the higher incomes, so as not to exceed 34 per cent. A careful calculation shows that an income tax of this kind would yield some $450,000,000 additional.

(4) The tax on whisky and tobacco ought to remain approximately as it is, with a yield of about $230,000,000.

These three taxes, together with the stamp tax at even the low rate of the House bill, and with an improved automobile tax, will yield over $1,250,000,000, which is the amount of money thought desirable.

The above program would be in harmony with an approved scientific system. It will do away with almost all of the complaints that are being urged against the present. It will refrain from taxing the consumption of the poor.

It will throw a far heavier burden upon the rich, but will not go to the extremes of confiscation. It will obviate interference with business and will keep unimpaired the social productivity of the community.

It will establish a just balance between loans and taxes and will not succumb to the danger of approaching either the tax-only policy or the loan-only policy. Above all, it will keep an undisturbed elastic margin, which must be more and more heavily drawn upon as the war proceeds.


## LOOK SUCCESSFUL.

**Have Confidence In Yourself and Show It In Your Manner.**

To be successful you must look successful. If you will carry yourself with a self confident air it inspires others with the belief in your ability and your success. You get to believe in it yourself. You begin to walk as if you were master of yourself. You will believe in your ability to do things, and you are confident of results.

It does not take a keen observer to pick out a successful dealer. If he is prosperous every step, every movement, every look, indicates it. There is a great deal in assuming the part of the character you desire to play in this drama of life.

There is nothing negative about the positive man. He is a success, and, like Hercules, he has conquered the moment he looks upon you. This is personal magnetism. Cultivate it, then you will not need bolstering up. Learn to stand alone. Your very silence should carry power. Learn the value of reserve force.

Self confidence is the power to marshal all the faculties and unite their strength in one mighty cable. It matters not what your talents may be, what your abilities or ambition may be, if you are lacking in self confidence you can never use them to the best advantage. Self trust is as necessary as ability.

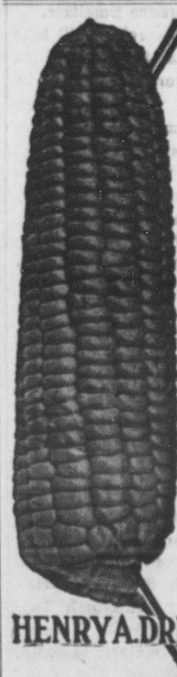
Concentrate your facilities and your good qualities. Carry yourself with a self confident air and you will win still more confidence. Failure or success has its true worth in these two little words, "I can't," or "I will." Look successful!—Author Unknown.

### "Solid Gold."

Commercially speaking, the term "solid gold" is a misnomer, since such gold has not been used for many, many years. Some of the ancient Roman jewelry and some of that of the renaissance period was, indeed, made of pure gold, worked up by hand with the crudest of tools, but since the old days there has been a constantly increasing employment of alloys, for the reason that jewelers found that the harder the gold was rendered by good alloys the greater its wearing qualities and the more secure, therefore, was the setting of the gems it contained. Nowadays jewelry is of 18, 14 or 10 carats, according to the design and character of the article, and it is much more frequently 10 than 18 carats.

### Old Time Spelling Reform.

Centuries ago spelling reformers published whole works in the "rational spelling" and left an interested or uninterested public to take them or leave them, as witness the following, published in 1585: "AEsopz Fable'z in tru Orto-graphy with Grammar-notz Heryuntoo ar al'so jooined the short sentencez of the wyz Cato imprinted with lyk form and order; both of which Autorz ar translated out of Latin intoo English. By William Bullokar."



**Dreer's Aristocrat Sugar Corn**

A delicious extra early variety which was for many years controlled by a prominent gardener who furnished truck to the aristocrats of Newport, R. I. Ears of large size with broad grains that allow of easy scoring with a knife when eaten off the cob. Liberal packet—10 cts., postpaid.

**Dreer's Garden Book for 1917**

makes gardening easy for amateurs. Hundreds of cultural notes by experts. 288 pages, colored plates and duotone plates. Lists practically everything worth growing in Vegetables, Flowers and Plants.

*A copy sent free if you mention this publication.*

HENRY A. DREER 714-16 Chestnut St. Philadelphia


### Russia Orders Engines.

Russia has just placed orders for 10,000 cars in this country. The American Car & Foundry and the Standard Car companies get most of the business. The estimated cost is between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000. American Car will build 6,500 of the cars. It was also reported that orders for 500 locomotives were placed by Russia equally with the American and Baldwin Locomotive companies.

Read The Republican $1.50 a year in advance.


# Coming Back

UNITED DOCTORS SPECIALIST
WILL AGAIN BE AT
**Bellefonte, Pennsylvania**
**BUSH HOUSE**
**TUESDAY, JUNE 19 1917**
**ONE DAY ONLY**
**Hours 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.**

**Remarkable Success of Talented Physician in the Treatment of Chronic Diseases**

**Offer Services Free of Charge.**

The United Doctors Specialist, licensed by the State of Pennsylvania, for the treatment of all diseases, including deformities, nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, offer to all who call on this trip, consultation, examinations advice free, making no charge whatever, except the actual cost of treatment. All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the result obtained to their friends and thus prove to the sick and afflicted in every city and locality, that at last treatments have been discovered that are reasonably sure and certain in their effect.

The United Doctors are experts in the treatment of chronic diseases and so great and wonderful have been their results that in many cases it is hard to find the dividing line between skill and miracle.

Diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, blood, skin, nerves, heart spleen, rheumatism, sciatica, tapeworm, leg ulcers, weak lungs and those afflicted with long-standing, deep seated, chronic diseases, that have baffled the skill of the family physician should not fail to call. Deafness often has been cured in sixty days.

According to their system no more operation for appendicitis, gall stones, tumors, goiter, piles, etc., as all cases accepted will be treated without operation or hypodermic injection, as they were among the first in America to earn the name of "Bloodless Surgeons," by doing away with the knife with blood and with all pain the successful treatment of these dangerous diseases.

No matter what your ailment may be no matter what others may have told you, no matter what experience you may have had with other physicians, it will be to your advantage to see them at once. Have it forever settled in your mind. If your case is incurable they will give such advice as may relieve and stay the disease. Do not put off this duty you owe yourself or friends or relatives who are suffering because of your sickness, as a visit at this time may help you.

Worn-out and run-down men or women no matter what your ailment may be, call, it costs you nothing.

Remember, this free offer is for this visit only.

Married ladies come with their husbands and minors with their parents.

**Laboratories, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.**



**DOLLARS SAVED**
**On all Guaranteed Make Tires**

Sell us your worn out tires. Get circular No. 27P stating sizes and makes wanted.

**Pittsburgh Tire & Rubber Brokerage Co**
206 Market Street - PITTSBURGH PA.



# LIBERTY LOAN!

**BE PATRIOTIC! BUY A BOND!**

The Bellefonte Trust Company will take your subscription for the purchase of a U. S. Bond, pay 3½ per cent interest, in denominations of $100 to $1,000, or in less amounts should the government issue bonds in smaller sums.

You can convert this bond into a future bond payable higher interest.

We'll buy these bonds for you without charge.

**Every Man and Woman in this Country Ought to Buy a Bond.**

They ought to buy as many as they can carry. They ought to subscribe for them NOW.

**DO YOUR BIT! BUY A BOND!**

**Bellefonte Trust Company,**
Allegheny Street Bellefonte, Pa.

# Blocking the Right of Way

### *Clever Plan of a Young Lawyer Wins a Rich Bride*

By ALICE LOUISE LEE

Copyright by Alice Louise Lee.

Claudia Ten Eyck was driving along the boulevard alone, her fluffy little head full of ideas of economy, which she was endeavoring to exercise for the benefit of Tennyson Benham, pedestrian, swinging rapidly down the bicycle path ahead of her.

"Oh, Tenny," she called softly, drawing the mare up under the trees which separated the path from the highway. "I was just wishing"— Her voice did not finish the remark, but an engaging display of dimples did as she patted the seat beside her.

"It would be lovely," returned Tennyson morosely, "if it were my trap or my horse."

Claudia added a laugh to the dimples as the morose one climbed into the trap. "It will all come some day," she continued, laughing gayly.

"It's no laughing matter, Claudia," groaned Tennyson. "Here I am possessed of a law education which is rusting for lack of use, a few debts, fewer dollars and no prospects"—

"Tenny!" reproachfully.

"Only the doleful prospect of having to wait eternally for the dearest, sweetest, daintiest"—

Claudia blushed and hastened to interrupt. "I think the law is tiresome. Papa sits in his library all day, and I don't see why he should insist on your working."

Again Tennyson groaned at her view point. The pater Ten Eyck, being confined to the house with the gout, did sit in his library all day, but he sat between a telephone and a stenographer, with a clerk in the background and a messenger boy or two at his command.

Soon the trap left the boulevard and plunged down the steep Mount Hope road into a narrow valley. At the foot of the mountain the highway broke up into a number of rude tracks traversing the valley. Into one of these Claudia turned the mare.

They rounded the corner and came on a little cabin surrounded by pigs, chickens and children. A man with a gun stepped from the doorway and motioned they to stop.

"You git back thar," came the determined command. "I'll have you understand that this 'ere is private property and there ain't goin' to be no trespassin' while I can handle a gun."

"YOU GIT BACK THAR!" CAME THE DETERMINED COMMAND.

"How much do you charge for trespass?" inquired Tennyson gravely.

"I charge more'n you've been willin' to pay so far."

"So far," echoed Tennyson.

"Ain't you the Consolidated Suburban Rapid Transit company?" demanded the man suspiciously.

"My good sir," ejaculated Tennyson. "I am not consolidated nor even united—yet."

Claudia's dimples began to play, and she looked hard down the valley.

The man came nearer and rested one foot on the hub of a front wheel. "Say!" he broke out suddenly. "Mister, look 'ee here. That blamed agent says he can take my land whether or no. He says he can come right through my pigpen over there, and I can't stop him. Can he?"

"My first client," murmured Tennyson in Claudia's ear. Then he turned to the man. "I'm afraid that agent is telling the truth," he began. Suddenly he paused and looked around. "What part of your land do they want to run the track through?"

The man dropped his gun and pointed. "He says they'll come right through Morrison's dugout yander and down this side of the valley where the grade is easy and smack through my pigpen—plague take their hides!"

Tennyson interrupted. "How much land do you own here?"

The man jerked his thumb over his shoulder. "Jest that narrer strip acrost there between them wires."

Tennyson's eyes roved round the narrow farm meditatively. "Why not sell your entire farm? As it is, the road will cut it up badly."

The man pushed his hat back and scratched his head. "Guess I know that. But who'd want to buy the hull thing except such another blame fool as I was when I bought?"

There was a suppressed excitement in Tennyson's manner which aroused Claudia's curiosity. He took the reins from her hands and turned the mare about carefully. "I'll be back here in three hours or less to talk business to you," he said briefly.

"How mean of the law to go through a man's pigpen!" cried Claudia. "Can it go anywhere?"

Tennyson gave a preoccupied laugh. "Yes, under the laws of this state all kinds of property—with one exception—can be condemned."

"Condemned," puzzled Claudia. "What does that mean?"

Tennyson explained, watching with delight the wise little wrinkle that appeared between the blue eyes and knowing that twenty-four hours would efface all recollection of the rights of eminent domain.

But for once he was mistaken. The responsibilities of life were weighing heavily on Claudia, and certain resolutions to understand more of economy and of law were becoming fixed. She had forgotten to ask Tennyson what one kind of property was exempt from condemnation, but there was her father.

"Now, papa, I want to know something," she began that evening.

"I never got to the table yet but what you bothered me with your fool questions," grumbled Peter Ten Eyck.

Claudia, oblivious of the acidity in his tone, prefaced her question with "Papa, what kind of property can't the law go through?"

"The devil!" ejaculated Peter. "What are you talking about?"

She proceeded to elucidate. "Now just suppose a transit company or something wanted to go through a man's pigpen"— Peter stared hard. "Well, you know they can. But there's one kind of land they can't. What is it?"

"You're enough to turn a lawyer's hair white," said her father after a pause. "Probably you mean a cemetery." Then he gave her a shrewd look and said nothing more until they had finished dinner, when he asked abruptly, "Whom were you driving with this morning?"

Claudia raised her brows inquiringly. Tapping her cheek thoughtfully with a forefinger, she responded unblushingly: "Let me see. Was his hair black or brown?

"Oh, yes!" with an effort of the memory. "Then it was Ten—Mr. Benham."

"So I suspected—that nefarious little popinjay of a lawyer without any practice who is trying to marry money"—

"No, he isn't, papa," responded Claudia serenely, "for he refuses to marry me—that is, right away!"

That very evening Tennyson called. He was in high spirits. "Behold me!" he said, with a mock heroic bow. "At last I am on the high road to fame and fortune. I am a real estate owner."

"Really, Tenny," excitedly. "Enough to build our house on?"

Tennyson threw his head back and broke into a peal of boyish laughter. "There's a house on it already and a pigpen too. I own the land formerly owned by the man with the gun."

Claudia's eyes grew large and round. "You've bought that horrid, desolate looking place! What for? Don't tell me, dear, that you wouldn't like to live there!"

"Tenny!" she expostulated, but Tennyson evaded all further questions about his purchase. "Wait until I've struck it rich on my real estate, dear, and I'll tell you all about it."

With that he supposed his fiancee was content, but she was not. After his departure she repaired promptly to the source of wisdom.

"Papa, what is there down in the Mount Hope valley to bring money? Just supposing you had bought the land of that man with the pigpen down there, what should you expect to get out of it?"

The clerk and stenographer exchanged glances. Peter's brows contracted as he snorted, "The knowledge that I was a fool probably." And Claudia, sadder, but no wiser, retired.

Perhaps much learning with no outlet for it was making Tennyson insane, she reflected, and her theory was strengthened on the next occasion of their meeting, which was on Lackawanna avenue.

Tennyson's face was aglow with excitement. His spirits, so often at zero, were near the boiling point. He was ready to discuss their future, the probabilities of bearding Ten Eyck soon in his library and of the renting of a suitable home. So far Claudia's theory was discredited. But presently they passed a basement laundry out of which a Hungarian shuffled, making signs to Tennyson.

"Will you walk on slowly, Claudia? I won't be here but a moment," said the latter hurriedly, and Claudia did as he requested.

In a moment he had rejoined her, his face beaming. "At last I've secured one," he exclaimed.

"What?" asked Claudia curiously.

"A corpse!" was the astounding response, at which Claudia stopped short and gasped, too amazed for speech.

A spice of mischief crept into Tennyson's voice and shone in his eyes as he continued: "And it came dirt cheap too. I've got $5 left to conduct the funeral. Oh, I tell you, Claudia, I'll make it yet!"

"Make what?" breathed Claudia in a horrified whisper.

"That's a secret, a dead secret," was the prompt rejoinder.

"I can keep a secret."

"Of course you can, dear." Then ungallantly, "But so can I."

And he thought he was keeping it. So also thought Claudia and was deeply grieved over it.

A note from Tennyson the next day, however, alleviated her grief, but aroused her curiosity. "Dearest," it ran, "I know I ought not to give you an inkling of the truth and not tell it all, but when it can be told you will understand why I must keep my secret."

Claudia had never read a note of his where anticipation so bubbled over between the lines. Therefore she was unprepared for his appearance when several days later he walked into the music room. His face was tragic—with

"PERSONAL BUSINESS HISTORY, MR. BENHAM," HE AMENDED.

real tragedy this time. He did not even kiss her. Instead he folded his arms and began with a little catch in his voice: "Claudia, I've come to give you your freedom. I'm a penniless wreck."

"Tenny!" cried Claudia. The tears filled her big blue eyes. She stood before him and touched his arm wistfully, but it did not draw her closer. "I don't want it—my freedom, I mean! I won't take it! Whatever has happened?"

Tennyson looked away. "A good thing has just slipped through my fingers—unexpectedly slipped through. Now, so long as there's no further need for secrecy I'll explain"—

But he didn't, being interrupted by a call from the library. Peter Ten Eyck wished to see both Benham and his daughter at once.

They found him beside his table, his gouty foot on a cushion.

"Good day, sir," he said briskly, shaking Benham's hand cordially.

Claudia, regarding her father's pleasantry apprehensively, sat down on a sofa facing him. Peter motioned Tennyson to a place beside her.

"I've called you in here," Ten Eyck then began, "to ask a favor of you. But, as a preface, I'll relate a bit of your personal history which has come to my ears."

"Personal business history, Mr. Benham," he amended dryly.

But at the next sentence Tennyson's back straightened with a sudden jerk.

"Mr. Benham, you are the young man who combined wit enough and law enough to buy up a strip of land in Mount Hope valley lying across the prospective route of the Consolidated Suburban Rapid Transit company."

Tennyson gasped.

"Then you proceeded, warily, as you thought, to get a Hungarian to bury his brother on your land. At the same time you applied for a charter incorporating the Mount Hope Cemetery company."

"How did you find out, and why did you find out?" interposed Tennyson.

Then Ten Eyck almost smiled. "As to the 'how,' you'll never know. As to the 'why,' it was very much to my interest to know, since I am—well, to all intents and purposes, as will soon be known, the Consolidated Suburban Rapid Transit company."

Tennyson's mouth opened, but no sound came.

"If I hadn't found out just as I did, young man, and stopped your game I suppose you'd have bled the Transit company a round number of thousands for the privilege of going through your cemetery, eh?"

Tennyson moistened his lips. "That was my intention."

"Now," began Peter, rubbing his forehead violently, "so much for the past. The favor I want to ask of you is this: Will you accept the position as counsel to the Consolidated?"

A light broke over Tennyson's face. "Will I?" he exclaimed. "I should be most happy to serve you, sir," he finished perfunctorily.

Peter rubbed his forehead again. His voice was sly. "I didn't know," he began, "but that you had a return favor to ask me," and he glanced meaningly at Claudia.

"Papa!" cried Claudia, pink to the tips of her little ears. She threw her arms about his neck, impulsively kissed his bald head and fled.

"Better not run chances of losing in that game, young man," she heard her father say dryly, and a moment later Tennyson joined her in the music room

# FORESTRY CONGRESS TO MEET IN PITTSBURGH

## International Conservation Meeting Is Scheduled For Sessions June 21-23.

An international forestry conservation congress, bringing together the leading foresters and conservationists of the country as well as distinguished representatives from Canada, will be held in Pittsburgh June 21 to 23 next. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the convention committee of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburgh. The sessions will be held in the auditorium of the new Chamber of Commerce building, where an exhibit of rare interest will be given under the direction of the forest service of the United States.

The congress will be held coincident with the annual midsummer meeting

Charles Lathrop Pack.

of the Pennsylvania Forestry association, but the discussions will be international in scope. Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the American Forestry association and of the National Emergency Food Garden Commission, will be one of the principal speakers. A. B. Farquhar, president of the Pennsylvania Conservation association; Dr. Filibert Roth, professor of forestry of the University of Michigan; Professor B. E. Fernow of the University of Toronto, and Dr. Joseph T. Rothrock, president emeritus of the Pennsylvania Forestry association, are among those who will have a leading part on the program. Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of the Pennsylvania association, will preside.

Many of the leading foresters in the eastern states will attend. The headquarters will be at the Fort Pitt hotel, and the sessions of the congress will be held during the forenoon and evening of Thursday and Friday, June 21 and 22. The afternoons of these days will be devoted to automobile drives to inspect city parks and nurseries and places of historic interest. On Saturday the delegates and their friends will be taken on an excursion via a special train to the forest lands on Laurel Ridge, in Fayette county, Pa. The visitors will spend the day in the woods.

# "DESOLATED PENNSYLVANIA" IN GRAPHIC PICTURES

Dr. Joseph T. Rothrock, president emeritus of the Pennsylvania Forestry association, has been preaching the doctrine of conservation of the country's forests for more than forty years. At the forthcoming forestry conservation conference in Pittsburgh, June 21 to 23 next, Dr. Rothrock will give a lecture on "Desolated Pennsylvania," with graphic pictures showing the havoc of fire and the ax among the once stately forests that crowned the hills of the Keystone State.

Dr. Joseph T. Rothrock.

### Fitting Equipment.

"What kind of wheels are those they have on the bottom of aeroplanes?"

"Of course, they are flywheels."—Exchange.

# FORESTRY PROGRAM FOR PITTSBURGH MEETING

## Fine Entertainment to Be Provided For Delegates to Big Conservation Congress.

The local committee of arrangements for the International Forestry Conservation Congress at Pittsburgh June 21 to 23 next has announced its program for the meeting which will bring together the leading foresters and conservationists of the country. Thomas Liggett, general chairman, will call the congress to order at 9 a. m. on Thursday, June 21, in the auditorium of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. The delegates will be welcomed by Mayor Joseph G. Armstrong of Pittsburgh and by Frank J. Lanahan, chairman of the convention committee of the chamber of commerce. The response will be made by Dr. Henry S. Drinker, president of the Pennsylvania Forestry association. Addresses will be made by Charles Lathrop Pack, president of National Emergency Food Garden Commission and of the American Forestry association; A. B. Farquhar, president of the Pennsylvania Conservation association, and Hon. Robert S. Conklin, commissioner of forestry of Pennsylvania.

In the afternoon the delegates will leave the headquarters at the Fort Pitt hotel for an automobile trip over Pittsburgh's improved roads, with one or two stops to inspect points interesting as forestry propositions. They will visit the Country Lanes association of Sewickley valley and return at 5:30. At 8 p. m. there will be an informal reception of visitors and delegates at the chamber of commerce. George M. Lehman, engineer of the Lake Erie and Ohio canal commission, will read a paper on "Forest Cover In Its Relation to Water Flow, Floods and Droughts." George H. Wirt, chief forest warden of Pennsylvania, will lecture on "Forest Fire Prevention," illustrated by the department of forestry film, "The Curse of the Forest."

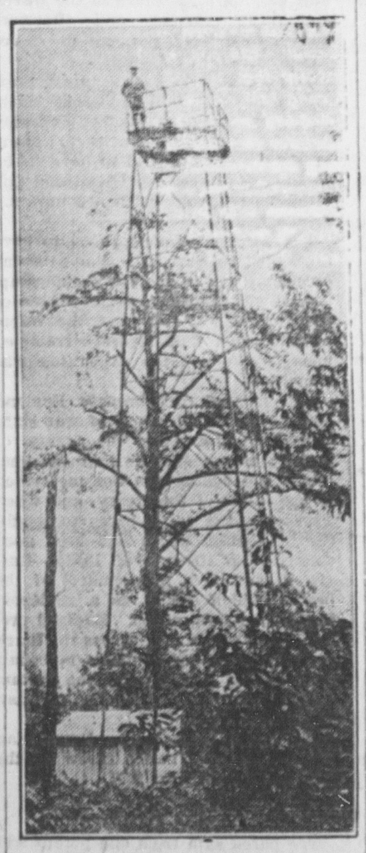
At 9 a. m. Friday addresses will be delivered by Dr. Filibert Roth, professor of forestry of the University of Michigan; Professor B. E. Fernow of the University of Toronto, Canada, and Dr. Henry S. Graves of the United States division of forestry. In the afternoon James L. Grimes, city forester, will give an open air lecture on "Shade Trees and Municipal Planting," visiting places of interest about the city.

At 8 p. m. Dr. J. T. Rothrock, president emeritus of the Pennsylvania association, will give an illustrated lecture, "Desolated Pennsylvania," and John M. Phillips will speak on "What the Forestry Association Can Do to Help Western Pennsylvania Secure Forest Areas."

Saturday, June 23, will be devoted to an excursion in a special train via the Baltimore and Ohio railroad to the forest areas of Laurel Ridge in Fayette county, Pa., with an al fresco luncheon.

# STEEL FIRE LOOKOUT.

This is the forest fire warden's periscope. It stands on high ground in Pennsylvania's state forest preserve



Steel Lookout Tower.

and gives the forester a view for many miles around. This picture is from the exhibit which will be shown at the Forestry Conservation Conference in Pittsburgh June 21 to 23 next.

### Apparently So.

"I can't find that record by Sousa's band. Do you know what became of it?"

"No. I guess somebody stole a march on us."—Harvard Lampoon.

### The Egotist.

She—Who would you rather be if you were not yourself? He—I can't say that I have any second choice.—Boston Transcript.

He who guides public opinion moves the hand that moves the world.—Rufus Choate.

# INVESTING MONEY.

### When "Safety First" and Not Large Returns Is the Object.

"A conservative policy would prompt all buyers of securities to invest at least a portion of their capital in government issues or some other form of sound bonds," says Leslie's Weekly.

"Many investors have a preference exclusively for stocks because the latter may render a higher yield or may fluctuate more widely, thus offering larger chances for speculative profit. Dividend paying shares of the seasoned sort are not to be belittled, and they will perhaps always form the major portion of the average investor's purchases. There is reasonable safety in them.

"But firmer 'cornerstones of fortune' are found in the better class bonds. These are not necessarily gilt edged, but they are well secured. In times of prosperity the issuing corporations have no difficulty in meeting interest charges. In times of depression dividends on stocks may be suspended, but the enterprise must pay interest on its bonds or submit to foreclosure. And in such event the bondholder rarely suffers loss. Their high degree of stability and safety commends good bonds as an indispensable part of any well established estate."

# ECONOMY IN FOOD.

### Getting the Best Results Out of a Forequarter of Lamb.

Are you aware of how much you can get from a forequarter of lamb? If it is cut correctly it should give a rack of lamb (French chops) and a shoulder, besides the neck and the breast, which may be boiled.

From these last parts one can make croquettes, a meat loaf, minced lamb on toast and salad, besides many other cooked meat dishes. The shoulder can be filled and roasted, boiled with caper sauce or pot roasted.

The rack, which is made up of dainty French chops, is the choicest part of the entire lamb, and if the butcher cuts the forequarter correctly there will be twelve delicious chops. These may be cut as needed or roasted in one piece.

To cut the forequarter correctly remove the shoulder and take out all the bone; cut off the neck and breast, then remove the chine and the chops. Don't throw away the bones and trimmings. Boil and strain them, then set aside to cool and remove the fat, which then can be used for deep fat frying.—Washington Star.

### A Forgotten Monument.

A Washington monument that was never erected occupied the attention of the citizens of New York in 1847. It was to tower so far above any other structure that it might be seen many miles out at sea. Several thousand dollars were actually raised and the cornerstone was laid with ceremony in Hamilton square, which covered the blocks now contained between Third and Fifth avenues, Sixty-sixth and Sixty-ninth streets. This was before Central park had been outlined. Hamilton square was a portion of the old common lands of the city. It is not known what became of the Washington monument cornerstone. The monument association gradually ceased to exist. The $1,000,000 monument was forgotten, and when the ground once known as Hamilton square was cut up and the streets run through no record remained as to what was done with the cornerstone and its leaden box filled with memorials of the city in 1847.—Exchange.

### Pigeons Spread Disease.

"Pigeons spread disease when flying at large," says a writer in Farm and Fireside. "They are very promiscuous in their visits and carry disease germs from infected places on their feet. Not only do they spread poultry diseases, but any live stock or other germ disease. Many a mysterious outbreak might be traced to this source. Flocks of pigeons are a very picturesque feature of the landscape, but are entirely out of place in our closely settled modern communities. They may carry human disease germs as well as any others."

### Probably Not.

An English paper ascribes the use of "some" in such expressions as "some girl" or "some show" to Horace Walpole. In a letter dated July 7, 1782, it says, Walpole wrote: "Mr. William Pitt? Yes, he is to be secretary of state—at twenty-two—that is some glory!" But is "that is some glory" on all fours with "he is some statesman?" Would Walpole have used the latter phrase?—Outlook.

### Longer Than Expected.

Vandeventer—So at your request he spoke at your dinner?

Broadway—He did.

"And did he come up to your expectations?"

"Why, he went an hour beyond it."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### Amazed Her.

Professor — Life is the superficial phenomena of arrested radiation upon the outer crust of a cooling nebula. Young Lady—Gracious! No wonder living is so expensive.—Life.

### What Work Does.

Work is a guardian angel. Work turns the wilderness into a garden. Work does sometimes what even love cannot do—roots a man firmly in his place in the world.

It is no honor or profit merely to appear in the arena. The wreath is for those who contend.—Garfield.

# THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., June 14 1917

CHARLES E. DORWORTH, - Ed., & Pub

Subscription rate $1.50 a year strictly in Advance.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

—— Advertising Rates. ——

One Column, 1 year.....$125
One Half Column, 1 year..... 70
One Quarter Column, 1 year..... 40

Legal advertising, 20c per six point line for each three insertions, with the exception of Administrators, Executors and Auditors notices which are advertised at the established rate of $2.50, each.


FOR JURY COMMISSIONER.

The Republican is authorized to announce the candidacy of John D. Decker, of Potter Township, for nomination for Jury Commissioner on the Republican ticket, subject to the decision of the Republican primary election in 1917.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce that J. M. Keichline, of Bellefonte Borough, is a candidate for Tax Collector on the Democratic ticket. Subject to the decision of the voters as expressed at the primaries to be held September 18th, 1917.

Are you doing your part toward helping purchase a truck for Troop L?

Uncle Sam is just getting a move-on. Wait until he steps into his real stride.

We haven't seen much evidence thus far of any reduction in the high cost of living.

The fellow who discovers a means to squelch the submarine will wear the biggest feather of the present war with Germany.

The banks in Bellefonte and throughout the county are to be commended for their patriotic endeavor to push the Liberty Bonds.

If you should have registered for military service and failed to do so you now are liable to arrest on sight. Better get right in the matter.

### James A. Noonan Dead.

After a long illness James Augustus Noonan, for thirteen years proprietor of the Brandt House, passed away at 1.30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. For several years he had been suffering from a complication of diseases and made a brave fight for life. He was the son of Dominic and Elizabeth Noonan and was born at Axe Mann, April 27th, 1865. On May 16th, 1893, he was united in marriage to Miss Louise Gleason, at Tiga. He was a faithful member of the Catholic church also the Moose Lodge and Logan Fire Co. He is survived by his wife and two daughters, Geraldine and Margaret, all of Bellefonte. He is also mourned by one sister, Mrs. Mary Brown, of Bellefonte. The funeral will be Saturday morning at 10 o'clock from the Catholic church, Father Gallagher officiating. Interment in Catholic cemetery.

### Electric Storm.

Spring Creek Wednesday afternoon about 5 o'clock gave evidence that some farm on Buffalo Run was coming down the creek as the water was like a mixture of thick clay. About five miles from Bellefonte there was something like a water spout that tore up the ground and washed the fields to the extent that great damage was done. At the Centre County Lime Co's operations on Buffalo Run lightning struck one of the electric transformers and tore it to pieces.

It put the operation out of commission and the effect of the shock was felt all along the line. A portion of Bellefonte was without light for a few hours. At the Western Penitentiary there was a sharp electric storm and three plugs were blown out that will probably cost eighteen or twenty dollars.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Barnhart are at Holyoke, Mass., attending the commencement exercises of the Mt. Holyoke College from which their daughter, Miss Martha Barnhart graduated. Mr. and Mrs. Barnhart will spend about ten days in Boston and other places in that vicinity.

Dr. McKinney's Bible Class in the Presbyterian church has authorized Harry Yeager to purchase a flag to be placed in front of the church.

### Difficult Feat.

"Tell Mr. Smith I want to see him at the telephone."

"I told Mr. Smith, sir, and he wants to know if you have a periscope at your end."—Baltimore American.

Millions of money are not better than millions of grains of sand at the gate of eternity.


State of Ohio, city of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON
Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and foucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.


# ISLE OF SERPENTS

## Roumania's Historic Little Rock In the Black Sea.

## ONCE NEARLY CAUSED A WAR.

**After the Crimean Treaty of Peace the Question of Its Control Brought England and Russia to the Very Verge of Renewed Hostilities.**

Less than thirty miles east of Sulipa, the second important Black sea port of Roumania after Constanza, is the tiny Island of Serpents, around which cling many fantastic legends of fascinating interest as well as several historical episodes which at one time threatened to become of international moment, says the National Geographic society bulletin.

Unlike the monotonous reaches of reed covered marshland which stretch for fifty miles along the Roumanian and Russian shores to the north and south of the Sulina mouth of the Danube and seldom attaining an elevation of more than two feet above the level of the Black sea, the Island of Serpents, or Fido-nisi, thrusts its precipitous cliffs above the water to heights ranging from fifty to a hundred feet. It is a mere fleck of rock in a sea whose depth a few yards from the shore is twenty fathoms.

The islet is scarcely more than a mile in circumference, but has been a beacon guiding ships to the Danube for many centuries, its elevation being in such striking contrast to the delta land of the great river.

In ancient times Fido Nisi had a variety of names, but Grecian poets and travelers referred to it most frequently as Leuce, or the White island, on account of the numerous sea fowl which at certain seasons of the year swarmed over its cliffs.

It was to this island that Thetis, the marine goddess, is supposed to have carried the ashes of her son, Achilles; hence the temple erected here in honor of the hero of the Trojan war. Another legend relates that Thetis snatched the body of Achilles from the funeral pyre, that he was restored to life and that thereafter he lived on the island with Iphigenia, the daughter of Agamemnon, who had been saved from sacrifice by the goddess Artemis.

One of the most poetic descriptions of the island and its temple is given by Arrian in the account of his voyage around the Black sea in the second century of the Christian era. He wrote:

"It is related that Thetis gave this island to Achilles and that he still inhabits it. His temple and statue, both of very ancient workmanship, are seen there. No human being dwells on it. It has only a few goats, which mariners convey to it as votive offerings. Other offerings or sacred gifts are suspended in honor of Achilles, such as vases, rings and precious gems.

"Seabirds, divers and fowl innumerable frequent the island, and the birds alone have the care of the shrine. Every morning they repair to the sea and, dipping their wings in the waves, sprinkle the temple and afterward sweep with their plumage its sacred pavement."

The name Island of Serpents grew out of the fact that numerous blacksnakes from four to five feet long were discovered here by mariners. Many of the reptiles are said to have fallen in the cisterns of the island and polluted the waters, which are now undrinkable.

The Amazons are supposed to have attempted to seize this island on one occasion, but the ghost of Achilles appeared and so terrified the horses of the female warriors that the riders were thrown and severely trampled upon, whereupon the expedition was abandoned.

This meager rock brought England and Russia to the verge of war sixty years ago, following the treaty of peace which ended the Crimean conflict. The island was not mentioned in the terms of the treaty, and when Turkey sent a small party to relight the lighthouse, which had been dark through the struggle of 1853-6, Russia attempted to take control of the beacon which stands as a guidepost to the Danube's mouth. England protested and sent a fleet across the Black sea to enforce her demands in behalf of her then recent ally, the sultan. Russia after a brief threat of resistance yielded.

The island passed into Roumanian hands when that nation threw off the Ottoman shackles in 1877.

### Potato Skins.

The pared skin from one potato will furnish seed for planting five hills. These skins will keep a reasonable time without any preparation. If packed in common ashes the eyes will start to grow, and by planting near the surface of rich ground will mature from five to ten days ahead of whole potatoes planted. Every horticulturist knows this.—Charles Clifton Benedict, in New York Sun.

### Weeds and Grass.

Do not burn weeds and grass if opportunity presents for turning such material into the soil. Nitrogen, that most precious of all fertilizing elements, is entirely lost in burning, and the ash of any substance is of little food value compared with the same organic matter decomposed in the soil.

Some men are always at their post—leaning against it.—Youth's Companion.

## BAILING OUT A CANOE.

**What to Do In Still or Rough Water When the Craft Is Swamped.**

In reasonably still waters one man or boy can bail out an upset canoe. There are two good methods—rocking it out and shoving it out. In the first swim around to the stern of the canoe and get out the water inside, rocking from side to side so that it flops out at each reverse. As soon as enough is out to give her a good freeboard get aboard over her stern and dash out the rest with your hands.

Shoving the water out also depends on the momentum of a body of water. Swim astern and, grasping the stern breasthook, give her a smart pull toward you. The water will slop out in a torrent over her bows. Then shove away from you with all your strength, and the water will come rushing aft and slop out over her stern. Keep this up until about half emptied, says a writer in Boys' Life, then get aboard over her stern and dash out the rest with your hands.

I do not believe that a single man or boy can bail out a swamped canoe in a heavy blow. Stick to her, for she is your only hope, and get overboard all the heavy duffle. If the water is not too cold get out some twine or fish line and buoy mark rifles, axes, etc., by lowering them to the bottom and tying a floating duffle bag at the surface anchored by the gun. This leaves the canoe free. Right her and get into her still awash.

Watch your chance to get water out and do so at every opportunity. Sooner or later she will drift ashore and if you feel yourself getting numb rest your head on bow or stern breasthook and keep quiet. If the water is cold act quickly. Heave out all duffle, right the canoe and get in and bail steadily. You may beat out the waves and at least will keep exercising while you drift to the shore.

## CHROMIUM STEEL.

**A Metal That Will Neither Rust Nor Become Tarnished.**

Cutlery made of steel that neither rusts nor tarnishes is now sold in all first class shops. "The new steel," says the Scientific American, "was discovered in England, but is now being made in the United States and sold as table cutlery. It is what is commonly called an alloy steel—that is, it differs from ordinary steel in that it contains a special element or metal.

"In this case it is chromium, which is mainly responsible for bestowing the stainless and rustless properties. By incorporating from 12 to 13 per cent of this metal in mild carbon steel the new properties are obtained.

"An English metallurgist in gathering together some rods of steel which had lain a long time in his laboratory, noticed that while most of them were badly rusted or stained, a few were as bright as when originally made. This led to the discovery and manufacture of the steel.

"The new steel is more expensive than the old, which usually appears in the every day table knife. Its advantages and lasting properties, as well as its appearance and the convenience arising from its use, more than offset the extra cost. The fact that it does not tarnish, stain or corrode augments its value decidedly. It is supplanting not only the old steel cutlery, but also the plated. Its possibilities, however, are by no means limited to cutlery. One can readily imagine to what countless uses a stainless and rustless metal can be put."

### Too Much Meat as Bad as Too Little.

"Too much meat is as bad for the body as too little," we are told in the Woman's Home Companion. "During the digestion of meats, fish and eggs, acids are formed. In order to prevent the accumulation of too much of this acid in the system it is necessary to eat also fresh vegetables and fruits, which have properties that neutralize the acids formed by the meat. This is one reason why meat and potatoes are usually served together. It is safer to have too little meat than to eat too little fruit and too few vegetables."

### Use Distilled Water For Battery.

In the Woman's Home Companion C. H. Claudy, the automobile expert, says:

"There is only one kind of water to use in a storage battery; that is distilled water. No other water of any character will will do. The animal and vegetable matter, as well as mineral, which is in all other water is very injurious to a storage battery. Only distilled water, which can be bought from druggists in bottles, should ever be used to replace water evaporated from a storage battery."

### Tired Eyes.

When the eyes are tired and dulled use either an eye lotion bath or one made of water to which a little boric powder has been added. Keep the eyes open in the water. This both strengthens and brightens them. Knitting the brows when reading or working is a habit certain to produce disfiguring lines on the face.—Pittsburgh Press.

### His Cruel Critic.

"I shall now give out the effect of distance," he said to her, and he sang so low as to be scarcely heard.

"A little further, please," she said cruelly, and he picked up his voice and went away with it into the chilly night.—Chicago News.

### Commissioned Officers.

An officer never "enlists." He is commissioned by the president of the United States. Only private soldiers, including corporals and sergeants, can "enlist."

Kind deeds make good shortening for even the upper crust of life.—Christian Herald.

# MEANS MILLIONS IN NEW REVENUE

## Direct Inheritance Tax Bill in Governor's Hands.

## HOW LAW IS TO OPERATE

**Collections Are to be Made by Register of Wills in Various Counties and Prompt Payment Entitles a Substantial Discount.**

Harrisburg, Pa., June 12.—In passing finally and sending to the governor the Woodward bill providing a direct inheritance tax of $2 on every $100 worth of the clear value of an estate, the legislature took a decisive step towards the raising of new revenues. It is one of the biggest revenue-raisers put through in a score of years.

Reports as to what will reach the commonwealth's coffers through this Woodward bill do not agree. On the contrary, they are as far apart almost as the poles. Legislators in urging favorable action on the measure said that as much as $5,000,000 a year will be realized. Certain state officers claim that the act would mean $10,000,000 additional revenue, while there are a few who say that almost immediately $15,000,000 a year will be created and that when the act begins to operate smoothly over $20,000,000 brand new revenue will begin to make its way in the direction of the state treasury.

The bill was amended in the senate to allow the auditor general to employ a resident attorney in counties having a population of 100,000 and less than 500,000 to sue for the recovery of the tax. In counties having a population of 500,000 or more additional resident lawyers can be named to protect the interest of the commonwealth in all matters relating to the enforcement of the law. The compensation would be fixed by the auditor general.

### Every Estate Affected.

The tax of $2 on every $100 of clear value of an estate directly devised will be collected as the following provisions of the bill provide:

"That all estates, real, personal and mixed of every kind whatsoever, situated within this commonwealth, whether the person dying seized thereof be domiciled within or without this commonwealth, and all such estates situated in any other state, territory or country, when the person dying seized thereof shall have his domicile within this commonwealth, passing from any person who may die seized or possessed of such estates, either by will or under the intestate laws of this commonwealth, or any part of such estates or interests therein transferred by deed, bargain or sale, made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or bargainor to or for the use of father, mother, husband, wife, children, lineal descendents born in lawful wedlock, children of a former husband or wife, or the wife or widow of the son of a person dying seized or possessed thereof, or to legally adopted children, are hereby made subject to a tax of $2 on every $100 of the clear value of such estates, and at the same rate for a less amount, to be paid for the use of the commonwealth.

"The tax hereinbefore provided is also imposed on any estate passing from the mother of an illegitimate child, or from any person of whom the mother is a lineal descendant, to such illegitimate child, his wife or widow. Such tax also applies to any estate passing from an illegitimate child to his mother."

### System of Collection.

The registers of wills of the various counties would be the agents of the commonwealth for the collection of the tax and would work under the direction of the auditor general. The register of wills of the county in which letters testamentary or of administration are granted would, when the occasion requires, appoint appraisers to fix the value of estates. A person dissatisfied with an appraisement could appeal to the orphan's court.

If the tax is paid within three months after the death of the decedent, a discount of 5 per cent would be allowed. If the tax is not paid within a year after death a penalty of 12 per cent a year would be added. The executor, administrator or trustee paying any legacy or share in the distribution of any estate would deduct the tax on the sum paid. If the legacy delivered is note money, the officer in charge of the estate would demand payment of the tax from the person receiving the bequest. Where the legatee refused to pay the tax, the article would be sold at public sale.

When a bequest would take effect after the expiration of one or more life estates or a period of years, the tax would not be payable or interest begin until the person liable for the tax would come into actual possession of the property. The tax would be assessed on the value of the estate at the time possession would accrue to the owner, but he could, if he desired, pay prior to getting possession. The tax on real estate would remain a lien on the property until paid.

When a legacy would be given to a person for life or a limited period the tax on the whole amount would be retained if the bequest was money, but if not money, application would have to be made to the orphans' court to make an apportionment.

## USING A MEDICINE DROPPER.

**The More Slanting It Is Held the Bigger the Drops Will Be.**

When using a medicine dropper it is important to use it correctly, especially if measuring out drops of some powerful medicine like strychnine, morphine or arsenic, for drops vary widely in their size.

Dr. R. P. Garrow of London recently reported to the Lancet the results of some experiments he had made with a medicine dropper and a simple solution. He measured the solution very carefully and then took it all up into a medicine dropper, from which he turned it, drop by drop, holding the dropper at different angles and counting the drops as they fell.

With the dropper held vertically (at an angle of 90 degrees with the horizontal) its contents made 100 drops. Held at an angle of 50 degrees its contents made eighty-two drops; at 20 degrees they made sixty-eight drops, at 10 degrees they made sixty drops, and held horizontal they made only forty-eight drops.

In other words, the drops become progressively larger as the dropper is moved from the vertical position. A drop from a dropper held at an angle of 50 degrees is one-quarter larger than normal; thus, if the nurse has to give sixteen drops and holds the dropper slanting she is really giving twenty. And the more slanting the dropper the bigger the drops.

## FALLS ONLY TO RISE.

**An Experiment With a Sort of Perpetual Motion Effect.**

A novel experiment in the demonstration of perpetual motion is to be performed simply. A glass beaker about six inches high and four inches in diameter is filled with water to the height of about four and a half inches, and two and one-half to three ounces of commercial aniline are added, which will sink to the bottom of the vessel.

The temperature of the beaker and its contents is now raised to 170 or 175 degrees F. by means of a burner, when it will be observed that the aniline will rise to the surface of the water, from which it will hang in a mass of curved outline. Almost immediately the suspended aniline commences to alter in shape, and gradually a large drop an inch or more in diameter detaches itself from the mass and falls through the water.

And now, the detached drop having fallen to the bottom of the beaker, comes the surprising part of the experiment. The fallen drop is seen gradually to rise to the surface, where it joins the mass from which it previously broke away. At once another drop commences to form and, having become detached, falls and rises in the same manner as the previous drop.

So long as the temperature of the water is maintained at 170 degrees or over this procedure continues.

### The Chinese "Five Kings."

"The Five Kings" is the name of the sacred book in which is incorporated the religion of the Chinese as well as a great number of other peoples of the orient. The doctrine is a complex system of moral, social, political and religious teaching built up by Confucius on the ancient Chinese traditions, and, although its author lived more than five centuries before the birth of Christ, it is still perpetuated as the state religion of the Chinese down to the present day. Confucianism is a religion without positive revelation, with a minimum of dogmatic teaching, whose popular worship is centered in offerings to the dead, in which the notion of duty is extended beyond the sphere of morals proper so as to embrace almost every detail of daily life.

### Philippine Fruits.

There have been found in the Philippines two fruits entirely unknown to Europe and even to America. One of these is the durian, which grows on a lofty tree somewhat resembling an elm, is about as large as a cocoanut, has a shiny shell and contains a creamy pulp which combines some of the flavors of delicious custard with those of a fine cheese. American soldiers in the Philippines have dubbed the durian the "vegetable limburger." The other rare fruit is the mangosteen; but the exquisitely flavored liquid it contains has not yet been successfully preserved for shipping abroad.

### Not the Right Brand.

"I must request the congregation to contribute generously this morning," said the Rev. Mr. Smallfee sadly. "My stipend is eight months in arrears, and my creditors are pressing. I, of course, work largely for love, and love equally, of course, is tender, but it isn't legal tender."—London Telegraph.

### Going to Extremes.

"I tell you what," said Gotham, entertaining his western cousin, "everything is so high here it's almost impossible to keep a house going."

"Well," replied the cousin, "the winds are so high out our way it's almost impossible to keep a house from going."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

### Flag of the Chinese Republic.

The flag of the Chinese republic shows five equal horizontal stripes—red, yellow, blue, white and black, reading downward. The red stripe at the top stands for China proper, the yellow for Manchuria, the blue for Mongolia, the white for Tibet and the black for Turkestan.

### A Sign.

"She must be getting old."

"What makes you think so?"

"She's begun telling folks how young she was when she married."—Detroit Free Press.

# OPPOSITION TO NEW AUTO CODE

## Proposed Increase in License Fee is Unpopular.

## BARELY PASSES SENATE BODY

**Advocates of Measure Claim Protest Not Well Taken Because Additional Fee Would Mean More Money for Good Roads in State.**

Harrisburg, Pa., June 12.—By a vote of twenty-six to ten, the Buckman automobile bill went through the senate last week and is now before the house for concurrence. Its success in the lower branch is hardly possible unless the amendments inserted by the senate are dropped. These amendments to which automobile associations all over the state have filed protests deal with the cost of licenses. The fee on all high-priced cars has been increased over 50 per cent.

Those urging the amendments claim that the men protesting are pursuing a short-sighted policy. It is their contention that inasmuch as the money collected on auto licenses is to be used for the repair and construction of roads, owners of machines will be more than reimbursed for the increased fee by a saving in tires.

Senator Buckman had the bill hurried through the senate in order that no time should be lost in the fight to eliminate the changes made. The motor organizations of the state want every amendment to the bill stricken out, so that it will be in the shape agreed upon between legislative leaders, motorists and the state highway department. Senator Buckman is none too sanguine about the passage of the measure, however.

The bill abolishes all existing auto laws and if it does not pass, conditions will remain exactly as they are under the present act. With this idea in mind Senator Buckman introduced a bit of emergency legislation in the shape of an amendment to the section of the present act relating to front lights on autos. He would amend this so that no lights would throw a ray higher than forty-two inches from the ground at a distance of 70 feet from the auto.

### Is Emergency Bill.

A new bill affecting the auto business has been introduced by Senator Edward W. Patton, of Philadelphia. This measure provides that after January 1 next no person could operate a public garage or auto repair shop without obtaining first an annual license from the state highway commissioner at a cost of $2. The revenue would be used for highway improvement. Annual reports would have to be made to the commissioner showing the number of autos handled for storage, repair and alteration and provision also is made for the public sale of vehicles where the owner has failed to pay for storage or repairs six months after the amount was due.

A resolution calling on the state highway department to "stop construction of joy-riding boulevards" and instead to build roads to facilitate movement of agricultural products to towns was presented by Mr. Millieron, Armstrong, in the house. Mr. Walter, Franklin, objected to its consideration and it went over.

### Want New Highways.

When a batch of bills creating new state highways came up one day last week an attempt was made to have them sent back to committees, probably never to see the light of day again. Country members made vigorous objection to this and succeeded in passing the bills on second reading.

It is doubtful if any of these bills will ever reach the governor. Both the senate and house highway committees have an understanding to create no new state highways unless the prospects for more revenues become more favorable. In this connection the chairmen of these committees point out that of the 10,000 miles of state highway created by the Sproul act, less than 2500 miles of that roadway have been permanently improved.

The only reason the bills ever got out of committee was due to the absence of Representative Spangler, of York, chairman of the house committee on public roads and highways. Mr. Spangler was away at Fort Niagara training for duty and the acting chairman permitted all bills to come out. Spangler returned to Harrisburg and endeavored to send them back, but failed in this attempt by a narrow margin. The vote plainly indicated however, that the opposition is sufficiently strong to block the measures from reaching the governor.

A resolution proposing that the members of the legislature be paid the final $100 of salary due them in liberty bonds instead of cash stirred up more trouble in the house of representatives one morning last week than it has seen in many days. It brought Representative Maurer, the Reading Socialist, to his feet to file a protest and declare that if he wanted to buy a bond he'd buy it, but he wouldn't buy it on the conscription system.

Many members more or less audibly grumbled opposition to the prospect that their final payment from the state would be made in government bonds, but realizing that the situation was loaded with dynamite as far as political records were concerned few had the hardihood to speak on the floor.

# Correspondence

## Port Matilda.

Mrs. John Smith, of Vail, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Geyer.

Mr. L. C. Reisner, of Lancaster, is in town on business.

Mrs. M. B. Williams, of Tyrone, was in town Saturday.

Mrs. W. T. Hoover spent Sunday at Tyrone with relatives.

Mrs. Geo. Reese and children are spending a few days with Henry Bennett.

Ralph Williams, wife and family, of Philipsburg, visited the former's mother, Mrs. Ellen Williams, Sunday.

Orvis Williams, wife and mother and Clifford Reese took advantage of the low rate excursion to Niagara Saturday evening returning Sunday evening.

Chester M. Pringle has purchased a soda fountain and is prepared to make all kinds of sodas and sundaes. Pay him a visit some warm afternoon or evening.

Mrs. Rose Lex and daughter, of Gary, Ind., are visiting Mrs. E. M. Eller.

The Children's Day services held in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning were fine. The program was well arranged and carried out without any mistakes.

The Methodist Sabbath School will hold their Children's Day service Sunday morning at 10.30. Everybody is invited.

W. Scott Crain, wife and family made a trip to Tyrone Tuesday.

Mrs. Alice Cowher and son, Merrill, are spending a few days in town with relatives.

Miss Mary Hoover, of Unionville, is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, of Punxsutawney, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Geo. Bickle.

## Snow Shoe

The eighth annual commencement of the Snow Shoe High school was held in the M. E. church Monday evening. A good audience was in attendance. Owing to the removal of several families to distant points, the class was small this year, but lack of quantity was fully a toned for by excellence of quality. Misses Minnie and Margaretta Dougherty received diplomas. Rev. J. J. Wolf, of the Presbyterian church, pronounced the invocation. The class address was made by Prof. Marshman, of the school of English, State College. His theme was "The Dynamics of an Ideal," and was ably handled, giving his auditors food for profitable and productive thought. Suitable music was rendered by Prof. Weik's High School orchestra, of Bellefonte. The class of '18 is of the usual size, and contains some very promising material. The commencement audience was somewhat annoyed by the wailing of some evidently highly dissatisfied infants. Dickens'. Mr. Choakumchild was evidently not in attendance.

Mrs. K. A. Krone with her daughter and son, are visiting friends and relatives in Altoona.

Mrs. Peter Park and Mrs. Verina Shaw were in Philipsburg last Saturday.

Max Krone, of Bryan, Ohio, is visiting his brother, K. A. Krone.

Some of the ladies on Fourth street are getting very patriotic; they are making their own flags for Flag Day.

If any body wishes a mess of trout call on K. A. Krone the first of next week.

William Rashdorf spent Sunday with his father, at Winburne.

Mrs. Quick, of Altoona, is visiting his son, William R. Quick.

Clarence Thompson has returned home from Detroit, where he was employed.

## Boalsburg.

W. J. Hess and son, of Whitaker, are visiting Mr. Hess's sister, Mrs Charles Segner.

Mrs. G. L. Courtney, Mrs. James Irvin and Misses Lillie and Anna Dale attended the conference of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society which was held at Rebersburg last week.

Miss Florence Hazel returned to her home here last week after attending school at Allentown.

Mrs. James Bryson and daughter, Helen, of Derry, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. M. C. Woods.

The Lutherans will have their children's service on Sunday morning, June 17th.

John Goheen and grandson, George Goheen, of Rock Springs, visited the former's brother, William Goheen, here recently.

Jacob Reish and daughter, of Rock Springs, spent Saturday with Miss Mary Reish.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Johnson, of State College spent the week-end with the latter's father, Ira M. Rishel.

Mr. and Mrs. Bodowin, of Mt. Union, Miss Thomas, of Johnsonburg, and Bruce Mickey, of State College, spent Sunday at the J. W. Keller home.

Mrs. P. S. Ishler, Mrs. Nannie Coxey and Misses Ruth and Hazel Yarnell, spent Monday afternoon at State College.

Bruce Lonberger, of Virginia, is spending some time with his family here.

## Howard.

Gilbert Neff, Arthur Wentzel, Misses Ada Loud and Laura Williams took an automobile trip to Penns Cave, Boalsburg and State College Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Pletcher, a nurse in Lock Haven hospital, was home between trains Sunday.

Lester Wyland and wife, of Orviston, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Wyland, over Sunday.

Richard Holmes is visiting his mother, for a few days this week.

Leonard Tipton, a former resident of this place, but now of New Kensington, visited among his many friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Faust, Miss Grace Jenkins, Dr. Bailey, and William Dentler, autoed from Milton Sunday and were the guests of Miss Mittie Lucas.

H. E. Emeigh, of Altoona, was a business visitor in town Wednesday.

William Perry, of Altoona, visited his wife over Sunday who is visiting for a few weeks with her grandmother.

Clyde Lucas and son, of Tyrone, visited Reuben Lucas Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ridge, of Orviston, visited Mrs. Ridge's mother, Mrs. Viola Hastings.

Willard McDowell spent Sunday in Pittsburgh.

Miss Laura Williams was a shopper in Bellefonte Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Biggs, of Philadelphia, are spending the week with their daughter, Mrs. G. Frank Williams.

Mrs. Ray Kunes, of Blanchard, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Wyland Sunday.

Ralph Harvey attended the commencement at State College this week.

H. G. Williams and son Glenn, of Altoona, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. R. Williams.

Mrs. Walter Cook and daughter Marion, left Monday for Pitcairn, where they will spend a few days.

Miss Lola Walizer left Monday for Altoona to spend a few week's with her aunt.

Miss Adeline Williams and Charlotte Kurtz were guests at a house party at State College last week.

Mrs. Clarence Swartz, of Snow Shoe, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Viola Hastings, for the past week.

Mrs. Chester Hastings and children, of Romola, are spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roland Mann.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. McDowell and son Willard, motored to Lock Haven Tuesday.

On Sunday evening, June 24th, at 7.30 o'clock there will be a sacred band concert by the Howard band. The different ministers of the community will hold the services.

### Death of John G. Dubbs.

John Gilland Dubbs, one of Bellefonte's enterprising business men, passed from time into eternity Saturday morning about 8 o'clock at his residence in Bush Addition from a complication of diseases. He had been ill for over a year but was only confined to his house for a couple of months. Deceased was the son of Jeremiah and Eliza Dubbs, and was born in Run Valley, his age being 68 years, 4 months and 28 days. On September 23rd, 1867 he was united in marriage to Miss Eliza Ulrich. The early days of his life were spent on the farm but for many years he had been a progressive business man in Bellefonte, being in the farm machinery and implement business. The firm was known first as Swartz & Dubbs. Finally Mr. Dubbs bought out Swartz's interest and since that time had the business under his own control. He was honest, upright in all his dealings and therefore commanded a large patronage. He was social and good-natured and always looked on the bright side of life. Politically he was a Republican, true to the core. Years ago he was a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff and came near making it. Bush Addition being in Spring township the deceased held several township offices, the last one being tax collector. In this he proved to be very efficient.

He was a member of St. John's Reformed church. Early in life he joined the Odd Fellows and was a member of the Encampment. Besides his wife he is survived by two children, Grace M. and John E., of Bellefonte, the latter being agent for the Adams Express Co. He is also survived by the following brothers: T. R., and James Dubbs, of Philipsburg; A. G. Dubbs, Bellefonte, and George W. Dubbs, Unionville. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Dr. A. M. Schmidt officiating.

### Death of Mrs. Sarah Martha Miller.

Sunday morning at 7.10 o'clock Mrs. Martha Miller passed away at her home at Nittany Furnace, near Bellefonte, the cause of her death being pleurisy. The deceased was the daughter of Thomas and Charlotte Bathurst and was born at Curtin in 1863, her age being 53 years, 8 months and 23 days. In 1887 she was united in marriage to Ellsworth Miller who about four years ago met his death as the result of an accident. She was a member of the Free Methodist church and took a very active part in all kinds of church work, especially in the Sunday School where for nine years she taught a Sunday School class. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. Frank Mackey, Julian; Mrs. Preston Garbrick, Milesburg; Mrs. John Jordon and Mrs. James Saylor, Bellefonte; Mrs. Henry Watson, Tyrone; David, Alfred, and Zebeline at home. She is also survived by the following brothers and sisters: Calvin Bathurst, Curtin; Mrs. Samuel Hines, Hecla Park; Zeb Bathurst, Powellton, and Edward Bathurst, Niagara Falls. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Forge church, Rev. Houcks officiating.

### W. D. Crosby Dead.

Attorney W. D. Crosby died at 7 o'clock Tuesday evening at his home at Philipsburg. His demise was due to a complication of diseases from which he had been ailing for several years. The deceased was the son of David W., and Catherine Crosby and was born near Oxford, Penna., on June 19th, 1853, making his age 64 years and 2 days. He graduated from Lafayette College and Ann Arbor Law School. In 1886 he went to Philipsburg and since that time has been a member of the Centre County Bar and one of the leading and representative citizens of our sister town. Several years ago on account of ill health he found it necessary to relinquish much personal attention to business and he associated with M. Ward Fleming who almost exclusively attended to the law business. He was a fine gentleman and had hosts of friends in Bellefonte as well as in his home town. Deceased is survived by his wife and two sons, Harold and Thomas. The funeral was held this afternoon (Thursday).

### James L. Murphy Dead.

James L. Murphy, one of the most highly esteemed citizens of Pine Grove Mills, passed away last Friday after a brief illness from apoplexy. He had been in failing health the past year but was able to be about. The attack of apoplexy came while he was attending memorial services held by the Modern Woodmen. The deceased was a son of J. C. and Rebecca Murphy, early settlers of Pine Grove Mills, where he was born September 29th. 1852. He was united in marriage to Eleanor Shultz, of Columbia, Pa. He was a life-long member of the M. E. church and a member of Tussey Council No. 515 I. A. M., for twenty-two years serving as financial secretary. Surviving are his widow and two sisters, Maggie wife of Rev. D. Y. Brown, of Houtzdale, and Mrs. Mary Orr, residing in Florida. Burial was made Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

### Mrs. Rachael Stine Dead.

Rachael Stine, widow of G. W. Stine, died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Irvin, on south Water street, Bellefonte, on Friday night at 11.30 o'clock. About one year ago she suffered from a stroke of paralysis and since that time had been in delicate health. She was the daughter of Elijah and Mary Gettle and was born at Pleasant Gap, March 29th, 1852. She was a very pleasant woman and had a large circle of warm friends. She is survived by a son and a daughter, Earnest Stine, of Clay Centre, Kansas, and Mrs. Mary Persing, of Allentown. She is also survived by a sister, Mrs. James Chambers, of DuBois. The funeral was held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the services being held in the Lutheran church at Pleasant Gap, where she had been a member. The officiating minister was Rev. Cortley. Interment was made at the Gap.

### Child Escapes Death.

Last week we made mention of the death of Mrs. David Miller, of Pine Grove Mills. The following is an interesting event in the history of her family.

Mrs. Miller's grandfather, Cooper, came to this country from the north of Ireland in the latter part of the 18th century and settled near the present site of Milroy, at a place still known as Cooper's Gap. Hostile Indians inhabited the locality and at one time Mrs. Miller's grandmother with her baby in her arms was pursued by Indians, but marvelously escaped death at their hands. Realizing that she could not escape with the burden of the child, she buried the baby in the leaves by the side of a log and made her escape. Later she returned and found her baby unharmed having fallen asleep.

### War's Effect on Education.

Public school superintendents and principals from all parts of Pennsylvania have been summoned to a war-time conference at State College by Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, superintendent of public instruction. He fixed July 11th for the meeting, which will extend over the next two days.

In his announcement sent out recently, Dr. Schaeffer said the war should not be allowed to interfere with educational activities. He urged a full attendance of educators so that they might consider what can be done "to counteract the evil effects of war upon our school system, normal schools and other technical and professional schools." The State College conference will take the place of the Pennsylvania State Teachers' Meeting, usually held each summer.

Harsh physics react, weaken the bowels, will lead to chronic constipation. Doan's Regulets operate easily. 25c a box at all stores.

### Lutheran Flag Raising.

Last Sunday afternoon the Lutheran congregation of Bellefonte unfurled a large flag to the breeze in front of their church on the corner of Allegheny and Linn streets. On account of the inclemency of the weather the services were held in the church. Deacon Clement Dale presided and had around him a large choir and the I. O. O. F. orchestra which furnished inspiring patriotic music for the occasion.

The speakers of the afternoon were Hon. Ellis L. Orvis and Prof. A. H. Sloop, assistant master of the Bellefonte Academy. The former delivered one of his characteristic addresses which was full of "pep" in which he outlined the great cause of the war which the United States has now upon its shoulders. It is said that this was Prof. Sloop's initial address and if true he has made a mistake in not using that talent which has been dormant so long. As the saying goes he made a hit. After the services in the church the assemblage gathered on the outside when Daniel Eberhart, an old soldier and a member of the church, drew the flag to its place on a high pole while patriotic songs were being sung.

### West Susquehanna Classis.

West Susquehanna Classis met in its 61st annual sessions in St. John's Reformed church in Millheim, Monday evening, June 4th. The Classis was represented by 24 ministers, in charge of 66 congregations with 6500 members. Bellefonte was represented by Rev. Dr. Schmidt and Harry Keller, Esq. The retiring president was Rev. W. D. Donat, of Aaronsburg. The newly elected president is Rev. Norman L. Horn, of State College. The usual reports of the mission boards, Sunday school board, educational and benevolent institutions were considered. The Classis adopted strong resolutions on temperance and advocated nation-wide prohibition as a necessary war measure. Tuesday evening Prof. George W. Richards of the Theological Seminary, at Lancaster, Pa., gave a masterly address on the subject "The Debt We Owe to the Reformers." The following evening, Rev. J. M. Mullen, of Baltimore, Md., who is the eastern Secretary of the Board of Home Missions, gave a review of the mission work within his territory. Classis adjourned Wednesday evening, to meet next May, at a time and place to be chosen by the officers of Classis. Rev. Raymond R. Jones was continued as Stated Clerk and Prof. C. W. Oldt, of Lewistown, Pa., R. F. D. No. 4, was elected treasurer.

### Susquehanna League Shoot.

The Susquehanna Trap Shooters' League has issued its program for the season of 1917. Five one-day tournaments will be held at the following places, State College, June 15th; Milton, July 12th; Sunbury-Selingsgrove, August 16th; Jersey Shore, September 20th; Lock Haven, October 12th. William L. Foster is on the board of directors from State College and considerable preparation has been made at the College where the first shoot will take place tomorrow (Friday) morning at 10 o'clock. The first on the program will be amateur shots contest of a hundred targets for which an entrance fee of $2.50 will be charged. Then comes the league individual championship trophy of $10. Following this will be the league team championship, the trophy of which is $15. The high score trophy is $5.00. Then comes the crack shot trophy of $7.50. The program is large and varied so that all who take an interest in trap shooting can find some source of entertainment. It is probable it will be attended by sports from different towns in the central part of the State.

### Making Valuation Surveys.

Joseph Callaman, of New York; S. J. Mullen, of Texas; Robert Breslin, of Mauch Chunk, and Charles McLaren, of Washington, D. C., have been in Bellefonte engaged in making a valuation survey of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania. They are chaining the road and making note of the entire assets of the road. This is being done on every railroad in the country for the purpose of making an equal taxation.

These gentlemen have a wide experience as engineers as they have traveled all over this and other countries, and their stories are interesting and rather fascinating. They are a jolly "bunch" of young gentlemen and we are pleased to have them with us. The same work is being done on the Bellefonte Central Railroad.

### The Length of the War.

"How long will the war last?" is the question heard on every hand. Carl Ackerman, who is one of the best informed writers, says in the New York Tribune: "It is impossible to say with any degree of certainty whether the war will last more than this year or not. There are and there will be great military operations in Europe this summer and fall, and until some of these are completed no one will know what the results will be. But to observers in Germany, one thing is certain. Germany can conduct an aggressive warfare this year. She can continue an offensive war in 1918, and perhaps even in 1919 unless the United States and the Allies are overwhelmingly successful in their military opertions."

Read "The Republican" $1.50 a year in advance.


**Save Your Woolen Goods**

# Red Cedar Flakes

Will keep them perfect---Only 15 cents per package at

**GREEN'S PHARMACY CO.**

*The Rexall Store*

BELLEFONTE - PA.

One of the 8000 Rexall Stores.


### Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder William H. Brown has recorded the following real estate transfers:

Rose Alden, et bar, to John H. Croft, tract in Snow Shoe Twp.; $1.

W. D. Zerby, Admr., to John D. Snyder, tract in Haines Twp.; $19.

T. Frank Royer, et ux, to John H. Detwiler, tract in Potter Twp.; $2500.

Centre & Kishakoquillas T. P., to G. D. Armbruster, tract in Spring Twp.; $1000.

Andrew J. Froy, et ux, to Grace M. Froy, tract in Worth Twp.; $3000.

C. D. Evans, et ux, to C. Thomas, tract in Snow Shoe Twp.; $650.

Belle M. Mattern, et bar, to Irvin G. Gray, tract in Huston Twp.; $2000.

Irvin G. Gray to Helen G. Gray, tract in Halfmoon Twp.; $2000.

William C. Crader, et ux, to William G. Vonada, tract in Gregg Twp.; $900.

John L. Holmes, et al, to Adaline M. Patterson, tract in Ferguson Twp.; $300.

Jas. A. Davidson, et ux, to Penna. R. R. Co., tract in Boggs Twp.; $300.

Minnie B. Houser, et bar, to Ella Watkins, tract in Ferguson Twp.; $375.

Andrew Lytle, et ux, to Annie H. Krebs, tract in Ferguson Twp.; $160.

Frank Kochis to Frank Kochis, tract in Snow Shoe Twp.; $600.

A. J. Weaver, Admr. to Geo. W. Zerby, tract in Centre Hall; $1060.

A. P. Zerby to W. D. Zerby, tract in Worth Twp.; $1.

Wm. D. Zerby, et ux, to Superior Brick Co., tract in Worth Twp., $1.

Alex. Kuhn, Admr. to John Wood, tract in Harris Twp.; $50.

FOR SALE—Building lots for sale or rent. Inquire Green's Pharmacy Co., Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR RENT—6-room house on east Lamb street, Bellefonte. $8.25 per month. Inquire of Mrs. James Sharp, Lamb St

### Market Quotations.

(Corrected by Weaver Bro. Grocers)

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter | 30 |
| Eggs | 35 |

GRAIN MARKET

(Corrected by Gamble & Gheen)

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | $2.25 |
| Corn | 1.50 |
| Oats | 70 |
| Rye | 1.00 |

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Mollie L. Valentine, of Bellefonte, Centre county, has filed in the Department of Internal Affairs, under date of June 7, 1917, an application for warrant to survey five acres and ninety-two perches of improved vacant land, situated in the township of Benner and county of Centre, bounded northerly by land warranted to William Connely under date of December 5, 1709; easterly by land warranted to Henry Miller under date of July 19, 1773; southerly by land warranted to Henry Miller under date of July 19, 1773, and westerly by land warranted to Andrew Coon under date of January 13, 1773.

JAMES H. CRAIG
Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs.
Harrisburg, Pa. June 8, 1917.

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

In the estate of Rev. John L. Metzger deceased.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Rev. John L. Metzger late of Rebersburg Centre County, Pa., deceased have been granted to the undersigned residing in Carlisle Pa. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate will make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate will present them for settlement to.

J. D. HEMMINGER.
EXECUTOR,
CARLISLE, PA.

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Christian Sharer.

Letters of administration on the estate of Christian Sharer, deceased, late of Taylor Township, Centre County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands to mail or present the same duly authenticated to R. H. Gilbert, Esq., Tyrone, Pa.

EVE SHARER
CALVIN M. SHARER
Administrators.

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of George E. Knarr, late of Liberty Township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above named estate, have been granted to the undersigned to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands to make known the same without delay.

GETTIG & BOWER, Attorneys, Bellefonte, Pa.
ROSA B. KNARR, Executrix, Blanchard, Pa.


**CHICHESTER S PILLS**

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 38 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE


## Penny-A-Word Column

ARCHITECT—Anna W. Keichline, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE—Dwelling house; good surroundings. T. A. Hugg, Milesburg.

FOR SALE—1 good gasoline lighting system. T. A. Hugg, Milesburg.

FOR RENT—Desirable house, with bath. Inquire of A. E. Schad, Bellefonte, Pa.

Fire insurance and automobile at a reduced rate.
4-mo J. M. KEICHLINE, Agent.

FOR SALE.—One hundred acres, more or less, adjoining the borough of Milesburg. Inquire at Green's Pharmacy, Bellefonte, Pa.

SINGLE MEN—Tenant men wanted on farms at once. Come prepared to start work; $30 to $45 per month. Empire Agency, 140 Castle St., Geneva, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Walnut bed room suite with a marble top bureau and washstand. Inquire of Mrs. Chas. Segner, Boalsburg, Pa.

AGENTS.—Big pay and automobile furnished free to agents placing sample of new necessity with automobile owners. Address President, Orolo Manufacturing Co., Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—$100.00 Typewriter, Remington No. 10 visible, slightly used, as good as new. Must sell quick. $65.00. J. H. Engel, 527 Pine St., Williamsport, Pa.

FOR SALE—One good as new (used 4 days) Keeler boiler; 400 square feet of actual radiation and a commercial rating 530 square feet.
T. A. Hugg, Milesburg.

FOR SALE—Five lots on North Spring Street, Bellefonte, 42½x200 feet, with large shade trees in front; also 100 acres, more or less, adjoining Milesburg borough. Inquire of Green's Pharmacy, Bellefonte, Pa.

LOST—Black cow, with mark about the size of an egg on left jaw. Strayed away two or three days ago and probably has calf by this time. Any information leave at Budinger & Co. Store at Clarence, or Cato Store, at Cato.—Steve Seposh, Cato, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—Free to demonstrators Ovee Vacuum Butter Maker. New marvelous invention. Makes butter 4c. pound. Retails $1.50. Saves its cost first 10 minutes. Thousands will be sold. $25 daily easy. Act quick. Ovee Manufacturing Company, Louisville, Kentucky.

AGENTS WANTED—$25 to $50 Weekly in a business of your own. Don't be an Agent. Start in the Gold, Silver, Nickel etc. Plating Business. Prof. Gray's outfits are practical and complete. Work easy, profit enormous. Every family, restaurant, shop has tableware, jewelry, metal goods of all kinds to be re-plated. Every other business over-crowded—no plating shops. A grand opening in your section. Will you grasp it? Address today. GRAY & CO., Plating Works, 150 Gray Bldg., CINCINNATI O.

## Farms for Sale

63 acres, 3 miles from Juniata, good buildings, stock, crops, and machinery for only $5,000.

75 acres, near Grafton, fair buildings, good fruit of all kinds, stock and machinery for $3,500.

113 acres near Spruce Creek, good buildings, orchard, 20 acres wheat, hay and straw for $6,300, cash $3,000.

204 acres, 104 clear, 5½ miles from Huntingdon, good buildings, good timber, orchard, for $5,500, cash $3,000.

126 acres, 1½ miles from paved streets of city, good buildings of all kinds, spring water, fruit, for $9,500, cash $5,000; will exchange for west side property.

147 acres, near Brooks Mills good buildings, good orchard, for $9,500 part cash.

141 acres, 4 miles north of Petersburg, fair buildings, good orchard, for $4,500.

140 acres, ½ mile from McConnelstown, good buildings, timber, fruit, near all level for $5,500, half cash.

143 acres, 2 miles from Roaring Spring, fair buildings, 2 good orchards, $7,500, cash $2,500.

178 acres, 75 clear, 2 miles from Mapleton, good buildings, for $5,500, cash $3,500.

130 acres, 1½ miles from Bellwood, fair buildings, old and young orchard, for $4,700, cash $1,800, possession in 30 days.

280 acres, 2 miles from Spruce Creek, good outbuildings, 2 orchards, level, running water, for $12,750, half cash.

126 acres, 2 miles from Petersburg, good buildings, good orchard, spring water, for $4,000.

153 acres, 2 miles from McConnelstown, good buildings, orchard, level, for $4,500, cash $2,500.

100 acres, 2 miles from Alexandria, good buildings, good orchard, water in house for $3,500, cash $2,000.

Write us your wants. We have many large and small farms for sale; also city property. We option and sell farms, timber lands, city property lots or anything in real estate.

**Altoona Real Estate Brokers**

Rooms 30 and 31, Goldschmid Building
11th Ave. and 12th St., Altoona, Pa.
R. C. CORRELL, - - J. S. BAYER
Bell phone, 1644

# Centre County Registration

## Of Men Between 21 and 31 Years of Age and Subject to Selective Draft, Under Act of Congress, Dated May 18, 1917.

### Bellefonte Borough.

#### North Ward.

Barlett, David A.
Brown, Joseph
Brown, Paul E.
Browne, Richard S.
Brown, George L.
Baumgardner, Is. R.
Bottorf, George A.
Baker, Joseph H.
Carpenter, Joseph L.
Casper, Howard L.
Ceader, Joseph
Cook, Charles M.
Cain, Charles E.
Cole, Nevin E.
Caldwell, James T.
Daley, Edward A.
Daggett, Lewis
Dale, Arthur C.
Derr, George H.
Dale, John M.
Decker, Miles X.
Decker, James E.
Engle, Joseph F.
Eberhart Edward S.
Emmil, Edward G.
Eckley, Henry C.
Fry, Lloyd B.
Green, George F. P.
Gates, Edward L.
Godshall, Frank D.
Gehert, Jas. E.
Helfrich, Joseph C.
Hunter, Benjamin G.
Haag, Ralph W.
Harnish, Charles B.
Harpster, Walter G.
Hines, Ellis L.
Johnson, Hazle B.
Johnson, Edward L.
Jones, Albert O.
James, Edward D.
Jones, J. Lawrence
Johnson, Thomas W.
Kane, Joseph
Kerk, Paul C.
Kane, Bernard
Kramer, Harry E.
Keller, John O.
Kane, James C.
Kanarr, Frank L.
King, Russel L.
Love, John G.
Lane, Elliott E.
Locke, Leroy D.
Lyon, Merle H.
Musser, Francis R.
Morgan, Wilbur T.
Miller, Luther D.
Montgomery, Wm. H.

Morgan, Thomas R.
Morrison, Joseph
Malin, Ogden B.
Menold, Harry C.
McGovern, Wm. T.
McGovern, John J.
McCullough, Walt. K.
McCoy, Chas. J., Jr.
Orr, Earl S.
Olmstead, R. H.
Olewine, James H.
Pendleton, Harold H.
Pendleton, Wm. L.
Payne, John B.
Payne, William H.
Port, William B.
Rockey, Elmer E.
Reed, John
Rosenhoover, F. F.
Stover, Luther S.
Sager, Clementine
Seeley, Ora W.
Sowers, Jesse M.
Stover, Beryl S.
Shutt, Grover C.
Steele, Benjamin F.
Shope, Chas. B.
Schad, Louis S.
Stover, John L.
Shaughnessy, T. A.
Shilling, James F.
Scott, Charles McC.
Smoyer, Lloyd McC.
Taylor, William G.
Tressler, Robert L.
Taylor, Joseph R.
Thompson, Albert E.
Thompson, Harry E.
Thompson, Wm. D.
Tressler, Joseph C.
Taylor, Hugh B.
Thompson, Homer
Weaver, Harry D.
Walker, Milon P.
Wagner, Joseph M.
Witmer, Frederick O.
Weaver, Glenn R.
Walker, Ivan
Weik, Eugene H.
Wilkinson, Harry A.
Whiting, Lawr. D.
Weaver, Parks J.
Waite, John A.
Ward, Harold S.
Weston, Richard H.
Walker, Robert S.
Yellets, Ambros M.
Yarnell, Roy E.

#### South Ward.

Anderson, Chas. W.
Allen, George F.
Allen, Chas. L.
Armstrong, Curt. C.
Baney, Milton E.
Beezer, Arthur R.
Beezer, Benedict J.
Becks, Charles A.
Brodrock, Maur. F.
Bicketts, Wm. W.
Brown, Harry
Bryan, Fred J.
Barnes, Chester H.
Carpeneto, Angelo
Cole, Ralph E.
Connelly, John T.
Chandler, Chas. W.
Cowher, Thomas B.
Chapman, Thos. W.
Cole, Thomas W.
Corman, Otto F.
Crytzer, Wm. W.
Deitrick, Carl F.
Eyer, Ralph C.
Eckenroth, Charles
Fox, James A.
Foulke, Robert R.
Fink, Telford N.
Freeman, Rich. W.
Gallagher, C.W.Rev.
Gregory, George J.
Gunsallus, James D.
Gehret, Geo. F.
Garbrick, Edward E.
Haupt, Arthur J.
Hull, Fred M.
Haag, Gotlieb D.
Hull, Roy
Hartman, Charles E.
Hausen, Marcus C.
Hoffer, George E.
Hartswick, Jas. M.
Heverly, Ned
Haupt, Free L.
Houck, Jack C.
Jordan, Jesse B.
Kline, Guy A.
Keeler, Harry V.
Kline, Gentzel K.
Klinger, William E.
Knisley, Albert E.
Korman, Carroll
Lolli, Nicola
Leach, Lawrence E.
Lambert, William O.
McDonough, Jos. B.
McGarvey, James M.

Martin, Edward C.
Mallory, Russell M.
Martin, James A.
Miller, James C.
Moerschbacher, R. C.
Mott, Basil J. F.
Marshall, William
Musser, Bond O.
Neff, Bernard W.
Napp, Charles F.
Nighart, Charles M.
Nighart Harry M.
Osmer, Edward G.
Pardoe, Ernest T.
Peters, Frank E.
Robb, Bruce L.
Richards, James
Rice, James O.
Steele, Jacob H.
Sorellas, Felic
Scholl, Orvis M.
Smith, John F.
Snyder, Floyd E.
Saxton, Charles S.
Seanor, Paul B.
Sholl, Boyd R.
Sager, William J.
Steele, James C.
Sunday Edward
Shuey, Paul C.
Steele, John L.
Straub, William L.
Seibert, Clair M.
Stover, Uriah M.
Shreffler, William D.
Shreffler, Mayrus
Smith, Frank R.
Saxion, Wilbur E.
Schaeffer, Charles A.
Sholl John I.
Thompson, Edw. A.
Thompson, Edmund
Toner, Leon J.
Toner, Joseph P.
Tressler, John H.
Watson, Leonard E.
Wetzel, Nevin Y.
Witmer, Roy C.
White, Curtis E.
Wagner, Harry C.
Williams, Mark W.
Wetzel, Paul L.
Wagner, Paul F.
Waite, John A.
Yarnell, George F.
Young, John G.
Zorn, Edward A.

#### West Ward.

Bower, Ebon B.
Bucklus, Charles H.
Brown, Richard S.
Bloom, Harry R.
Carago, Joe
Cathcart, Wm. W.
Dunlap, Harry E.
Daggett, Wells B.
Fetzer, Daniel.
Foreman, Arthur R.
Garbrick, Chas. E.
Gordon, John F.
Hartswick, Henry L.
Hessler, LeRoy H.
Heaton, William D.
Houser, Fred Kyle
Hassell, Hawley N.
Hendricks, Austin
Kenn, Harry H.
Kirk, Norman M.

Leach, William J.
Montgomery, H. F.
Meyer, Frederick E.
Maynard, Mal. D.
Monsel, Charles H.
Mangino, Palmerino
Martin, Harry C.
Moerschbacher, C. C.
Riddle, William R.
Sciortin, Rosie
Strayer, Harry M.
Sciortin, Frank
Turner, Hugh
Thomas, Francis E.
Vonada, Boyd C.
Witmer, Lester W.
Walker, Vincent M.
Walters, Robert
Willard, Roger E.

#### Centre Hall Borough.

Baily, Edward E.
Bitner, Ralph E.
Barnes, Leonard G.
Bushman, David R.
Bradford, John W.
Bradford David M.
Coldren, Musser E.
Coldren, John M.
Dinges, Ralph E.
Fetterolf, Frank
Garis, Philip S.
Heckman, Wm. O.
Hartley, Joseph H.
Ishler, Domer S.
Kerlin, William W.
Kurtz, Chester A. R.
Lambert, Earl C.

McClenahan, Is. C.
Miller, Elmer M.
Meyer, John F.
Meyer, Robert C.
Mitterling, Wm. H.
Meyer, Orvis C.
Moyer, Harry L.
Nail, William B.
Puff, John L.
Righter, Fred B.
Stover, Clyde W.
Stump, John W.
West, Erdman
Weaver, Orvis P.
Whiteman, John
Zettle, Richard H.

#### Howard Borough.

Ammerman, John W.
Bechdel, Fred. W.
Bechdel, Harry I.
Buthler, Samuel C.
Confer, Ward R.
Copenhaven, Wil. H.
Cummings, Rob't. C.
Day, Fred
DeArment, Harry B.
Gardner, Arthur W.
Griffin, Wilbur R.
Hannon, Arthur R.
Harvey, Ralph W.
Heverly, Reuben G.
Holter, Cameron B.
Holter, Charles C
Holter, David A.
Holter, George E.
Holter, Henry W.
Holter, Philip C.
Long, George E.
Long, Merrill W.
Lyons, Clair G.

Pifer, Charles A.
Pletcher, Fred. V.
Pletcher, Samuel H.
Poorman, Clar. E.
Quay, George S.
Rathmell, Joseph G.
Schench, Christ. B.
Schenck, Horace C.
Schenck, Vinton R.
Schuyler, Clar. C.
Shay, David McK.
Shope, Gilbert J.
Smith, Arthur J.
Smith, Merrill M.
Smith, Oscar S.
Stevenson, John H.
Wagner, Paul B.
Welch, Ronald R.
Williams, George F.
Williams, John J. R.
Wyland, Herbert L.
Wyland, Israel L.

#### Milesburg Borough.

Allen, Thomas R.
Baird, Raymond A.
Boland, Willis M.
Brooks, Lenard S.
Bryan, John A.
Bryan, Roland A.
Brady, John D.
Bryan, Joseph L.
Campbell, Lester L.
Daughenbough, F. H.
Dice, Latimer A.
Dyke, Fred G.
Emenhizer, Chas. E.
Emenhizer, Reub. E.
Estright, Geo. A.
Fisher, Joseph K.
Heaton, Armor A.
Harvey, John E.
Jodon, Christ
Jones, Roy R.

Jones, William L.
Korman, Charles E.
Lambert, Clyde W.
Lucas, Orwin D.
Miles, Malcolm L.
Miles, Wilbur B., Jr.
McKinley, Donald C.
Prentice, George
Reber, Joseph R.
Richard, Russell L.
Rockey, Fred P.
Schindler, John H.
Shay, Oscar M.
Shope, Dean A.
Thomas, Ralph E.
Waleslagle, How. H.
Watson, Harry B.
Watson, William T.
Woodring, Leam. R.

#### Millheim Borough.

Breon, Stuart M.
Breon, William H.
Boob, Gurney R.
Brown, Lewis L.
Burrell, Charles S.
Colyer, Robert W.
Colyer, Fred C.
Confer, James R.
Gramley, Orvis S.
Hassinger, Harry C.
Keen, Emanuel D.
Kreamer, Alvin A.

Kessler, David
Lauver, William H.
Mensch, Harry B.
Miller, John R.
Musser, Claude E.
McMullin, Wm. J.
Stover, Bruce M.
Stover, Lloyd W.
Swanger, Guy W.
Wilson, Jesse H.
Wolfe, Russell C.

### Philipsburg Borough.

#### First Ward.

Adelsberger, Jas. E.
Brumbaugh, Carl J.
Burris, Jacob W.
Bowers, John V.
Bair, Joce E.
Dayton, Paul
Dunsmore, Rem. P.
Dayton, James N.
Dayton, George
Dutton, Calvin B.
Eastman, Somer. H.
Eboch, John F.
Eldridge, Harold V.
Fryberger, Wm. S.
Gearhart, Gordon E.
Gunter, John L.
Hasson, Ferd. G.
Hess, Frank T.
Hess, Ralph F.
Hoffer, John C.
Horn, Tom. L.
Kanover, Harry H.
Kling, Raymond
Lansberry, John F.
Lichtenhaler, C. M.
Lichtenhaler, H. L.
Markel, Robt. A.

Marks, Samuel J.
Moore, Harris
Paul, Chas. H.
Paul, Ralph C.
Paul, Russel R.
Pearce, J. Malcolm
Phoenix, Morris
Pizer, Plummer R.
Reed, Lerle C.
Reynolds, Max
Rowland, How. H.
Rowland, Edward J.
Samuel, Harry C.
Snyder, Chas. E.
Snyder, John W.
Southward, Edg. M.
Spotts, Gordon L.
Spotts, William
Thomas, Maurice D.
Twigg, Chester A.
Twigg, Geo.
Walten, John
Walton, Wm. B.
Weaver, Moreland J.
Wolfe, William R.
Womelsdorf, P. C.

#### Philipsburg Borough, Second Ward.

Adleman, Leon
Ammerman, H S
Ball, Ira C
Brown, Andrew M
Bates, Wm J
Bush, Alvin R
Bowser, Foster L
Bowman, Earl J
Crosby, David H
Cohn, Meis
Condon, John McC
Crago, Walter
Campbell, David A
Davidson, Wm
Davis, Walter E
Davis, Alton C
Dunsmore, Jas G
Duck, Grover C
English, Walter S
Erickson, Morton B
Frye, Albert W
Frazer, Alexander
Fleming, Henry F
Gibson, Frank D
Gilbert, Daniel
Griffieth, Solomon
Gowland, John
Hudak, Mike
Howorth, Harold M
Hansom, Thomas
Hamlin, Boyd H
Holladay, Wm
Hazel, John J
Hutchinson, Rob't G
Huber, George
Jacobs, Bruce
Johnson, Joseph E
Kassop, Paul
Kline, Walter L
Kassop, Isaac
Long, Geo
Lingle, Joseph J
Maurer, Raymond
Micheltree, Geo H
Mellin, John A
Morningstar, S R
McClellan, Gurne
Nelson, Howard M
Palm, Sterling M
Passmore, James W
Papke, Ernest
Plank, Mark P
Rapsey, Leon H
Sawtelle, Chas W
Small, Jesse C
Stine, Dorsey
Shannon, Wm E
Storch, Jay T
Townsend, Harry L.
Test, Summerville F.
Voris, E Oakly
Wood, Fred
Woomer, Ralph O
Wade, Oril
Wright, Wm W
Ziff, Abraham
Ziff, Victor

Adleman, Abr B
Austin, Wm
Britton, Howard F
Burger, Geo J
Bates, James C
Blake, Henry
Berner, Harry E
Craft, Harry
Chegash, John
Cowler, Harry E
Carvshaw, R G
Coderalladen, F H
McDonald, Wm
Dunkle, Thos M
Devine, Carlisle
Dunlap, Marvin L
Deaken, Thos I
Every, Wm R
Eaton, David C
Eboch, Ord
Fenberg, Samuel
Flaherty, Thos C
Gilliland, Ralph I
Gillian, Neil
Gallantis, Nick
Goss, Huston H
Hugg, Jas H
Hartley, John W
Houser, Alfred J
Hooper, Paul R
Hagey, Howard
Holling,, Geo
Hendle, Wm
Hannon, S C
Johnson, Dorsey
Johnson, Wm
Johnson, Joseph
Kephart, Wm C
Kahler, Walter H
Leyback, John
Lytle, Robert
Meese, Mahlon E
Miller, Sam'l Z
Maguine, Walter
Mellin, Arthur A
Means, Harry M
Nelson, Alton P
Nelson, Isaiah C
Pritchard, L E
Peeples, Verden
Pierson, H A
Runk, Wm A
Rigney, Kieran
Snyder, Wilbur E
Sheldon, Geo E
Solomon, David
Stephen, Wm T
Shore, John B
Townsend, W E
Test, Herbert H
Wilson, Herbert
Wiley, Jos
Washburn, G W
West, George
Yocum, Robert H
Ziff, Simon
Kassop, Casper

#### Third Ward.

Agan, John B.
Almond, James
Asky, Guy C.
Asky, Guy M.
Bailey, William C.
Batcheler, Lewis S.
Beck, George R.
Bell, Seth
Boyer, John D.
Brothon, Conard B.
Bruns, Edward
Conly, Gordon L.
Crago, Harry F.
Crawford, Geo. A.
Davis, Joseph
Davis, William
Doughty, Charles
Dunsick, Ed.
Dunsmare, John L.
Edwards, Garfield
Enich, Joseph W.
Fetcho, Mike
Fleming, Harry C.
Forcey, David
Frank, George
Fravel, Duke
Gearhart, A. W.
Gearhart, Fred C.
Gill, Michael J.
Gill, Robert E.
Goldthorpe, Eph.
Gottshall, George
Granlum, Carl R.
Graham, Gustas V.
Griest, George R.
Griffith, Toner R.
Griest, Andrew J.
Groffins, John C.
Hartsham, Walter
Hazzard, J. Irwin
Hessong, John E.
Hickson, Thomas
Hoffer, Frederick G.
Hoffer, Richard H.
Humphrey, Theodore
Kapler, Albert
Kaplan, Louis
Kay, Ira
Long, George
Maney, John
Matty, Roy F.

Markawitz, Jacob
Merriman, B. J.
Moore, Fred
Morrison, John C.
Morgan, Thomas F.
Mcamley, James J.
McClure, Thomas H.
McLigue, John E.
Nelson, David A.
Nelson, William J.
Newman, John H.
Norris, Charles S.
Norris, James H.
Orwig, Calvin F.
Orwig, Samuel E.
Oswald, Earl W.
Oswald, Paul A.
Owens, William
Palm, Arthur M.
Parker, Arthur F.
Parker, William S.
Peterson, Ralph E.
Plubell, Joseph B.
Russel, John F.
Sawtelle, Harold
Sawtelle, Harvey
Shanink, Earnest
Schich, Robt. A
Schiele, William C.
Shope, Morgan H.
Simler, Donald W.
Smith, Norman W.
Shotten, Albert R.
Smuler, Chandler
Stein, John H.
Stover, Howard
Squires, Fred
Todd, L. T.
Wagner, Roy
Walk, Harry B.
Watson, James B.
Waugh, Harry W.
White, Robt.
William, Chester W
William, Walt. P. H
Wilson, Andrew M.
Wilson, Samuel
Woodring, Wesley G.
Yingling, Arthur
Yingling, Theodore
Young, Walter H.

### Snow Shoe Borough.

Barraclough, Art.
Buddinger, Robt. F.
Burns, John R.
Confer, Harry A.
Confer, Wilbur F.
Gehret, Joe L.
Harm, Clair G.
Haynes, George R.
Haynes, Eversley T.
Hoover, Charles C.
Howell, William D.
Irwin, James C.
Jones, Harry F.
Kelley, Edward M.
Kelley, Leo H.
Kelley, Patrick W.
Kelley, Thomas F.
Knapper, William G.
Kreamer, Clinton B.
Krone, Karl A.
Malone, Taylor I.
Menchio, Lewis C.
Musser, John F.
McDowell, Lloyd A.
McGoarty, Pat. G.
McGowan, Wm. P.
Price, Lewis
Price, Robert
Quirk, Joseph J.

Quirk, Patrick E.
Rashdorf, William
Richardson, Willard
Robison, Samuel A.
Redding, James L.
Redding, Thomas F.
Rown, John G.
Rown, Roy R.
Shank, Raymond C.
Shank, Lawrence J.
Shaw, John
Shaw, Neil
Shope, Ary L.
Sheeler, George W.
Sheffler, Charles E.
Shope, Frank L.
Sinclair, Alfred
Stauffer, Edward T.
Swartz, Harry C.
Swartz, William D.
Thompson, Lawr. E.
Thompson, Robt. C.
Uzzle, John G.
Watson, Edwin J.
Zimmerman, Am. G.
Zimmerman, Chas. L.

### South Philipsburg Borough.

Atkins, Charles
Baney, Samuel F.
Bannor, Thos. F. Jr
Bean, Joseph G. W.
Crain, John
Cunningham, James
Frantz, William N.
Gates, John
Healey, Morris B.
Katen, James A.
Maurer, William
Moore, James B.
Moore, Ralph A.
Moore, Joseph R.
Musser, Glyn B.
Musser, Carl V.

McDonald, Lawr.
Rogers, William Jr.
Spankle, Wm. H.
Stout, Fred
Stout, Peter, Jr.
Stiver, Curtin
Stine, Reynold
Stine, Victor
Stover, Clair
Vanetan, George
Vaughn, Wm. H.
Veard, Hilary J.
Wells, Mahlon E.
Williamson, Ernest
Williamson, Jos. G.

### State College Borough.

Anderson, Erwin O
Anthony, Ernest L.
Allen Wm Platt
Allman, Jerome McC
Adams, Jas Fowler
Bulkley, Geo Spencer
Baird, Lester E
Babcock, MacLean M
Barber, Walter H
Bowman, Edgar M
Benner, Edwin W
Boyer, Howard O
Brown, Allan Todd
Brown, Ira W
Crowell, Jas White
Corl, Luther Martin

Andree, R A
Atkinson, S C
Armstrong, H M
Armsbey, Edw M
Beam, Allen L
Beck, Miles W
Bitner, Guy O
Bechdel, Sam'l I
Bechtel, John R
Bailey, Rob't F
Brown, Albert F
Bentley, Franlin L
Breon, Robt H
Connor, Arthur
Cessna, Jos A
Carner, Gee Wm

Canar, Wm Dean
Decker, Claude Hale
Disque, Frederick C
Dunlap,, Toner Kyle
Emerick, Ralph L
Freburn, Harvey M
Foster, Robert L
Feilding, Richard C
Foster, Rob't McCay
Gerlaugh, Paul
Garver, David B
Graham, Rob't O
Garvis, Wm Henry
Glenn, Wm S, Jr
Hagan, Joseph M
Houser, Geo Wm
Harper, Lester B
Hall, ErnestJ
Homan, Bruce M
Hoffman, Wm Stamm
Hurnitz, Joseph
Houtz, Earl H
Haney, Jiles Wm
Hasek, Carl Wm
Harter, John Rob't
Ip, N G A K O K
Jarrett, Hillard W
Jesseman, LeRoy D
Jackson, Robert
Kerstetter, Edwin M
Keach, DeWitt T
Krumrine, David A
Logan, Arthur Evan
Loesch, Ed
Lytle, Irvin Ross
Lee, Ching Lann
Lee, John Henry
Lohr, Geo Allen
McCann, Leo P
McMahar, Francis B
Mills, Geo H
Minnich, Charles S
Minshall, Robert Ed
Mulfinger, Carl L
Mingle, Robert R
Mason, Albert F
Moore, George E
Matzuraines, E A
Metzger, LeRoy K
Markle, Wm Foster
Northrup, Harry B
Norman, Edmist'n H
Opyycke, L H
Owens, Edward E
Overholts, Lee O
Pierson, John
Parsons, Samuel R
Parks, Lytle R
Poorman, Walter L
Russlee, Chas A
Snider, Floyd H
Sullivan, Eugene
Sherman, Jas M
Stone, Wm C
Staneley, Earl B
Struble, F V
Schoeder, Murray B
Swimmer, Harry
Smith, Lester M
Strohecker, Roy E
Shirk, A E
Smith, Paul J
Snyder, Chester R
Struble, John D
Smith, Luther E
Tate, Paul Jerome
Taylor, Raymond S
Weiner, David C
Wilson, Harry F
Williams, Donald
Walford, Thos R
Womer, H Dale
Weber, Frederick J
Wilde, Earle I
Weber, Charles L
Yeager, Albert Franklin

Crooks, Frank D
Dudley, Boyd, Jr
Deal, Harold H
Ellis, John
Fehr, Roy Benner
Foster, H D B
Fagan, Frank N
Farnham A A
Fleming, Neil McI
Gilliland, Geo H
Gregory Peter J
Gross, John R
Given, Guy C
Homan, Chester E
Hoy, Walter M
Horner, John M
Hauser, Albert A
Hecker, Frank
Homan, Harry L
Hibschman, Ed K
Hostetter, Sam'l K
Hadley, Chas H
Harper, Geo C
Hartman, Harry R
Herman, Burke M
Johnson, Clarence J
Jackson, W S
Johnsonbaugh, K L
Kleinschmidt, L S
Korman, Guy W
Kline, Wallace H
Lambert, Tracy G
Lawrence, J O
Laselle, Leo Jos
Long, George S
Long, Newell B
Lyons, Ambrose
Moffitt, Earl L
Musser, Chas W
Musser, John D
Musser, Raiph E
Miller, Norman C
Mensching, J E
Martin, Carl C
Matzwani, D A
Maule, Comly E
Martz, Eric
Martin, Chas W
Musser, Paul F
Markle, Wm J
Novias, H T
Owens, L L
Owens, James S
Owings, C W
Probst, Chas E
Patton, Hugh V
Parson, Walter C
Platt, Lynn
Reed, Harry F
Stitzer, Chas W
Slagle, Orwin E
Struble, Feron Jas
Shoenberger, H W
Shaeffer, W W
Sligh. Tom S
Spray, Rob't S
Shirk, Russell O
Smith, Robt E
Stone, Robert H
Showers, Cornell E
Stadden, David I
Steel, Chas B
Struble, Ernest M
Stevenson, B O
Traub, Walter H
Thompson, H E
Vilakoe, Jas E
Woodring, Chas E
Williams, H B
Williams, Rob't R
White, Albert
White, Dennis M
Wilson, Lester L
Whitehead, L
Wood, Wm W

### Unionville Borough.

Biddle, Edward L.
Brugger, Cor'lius K.
Bruss, John H.
Calhoun, Winfred J.
Clancy, Paul R.
Cornly, Thomas E.
Hawks, Clarence H.
Hawks, Harry L.
Holt, Patterson I.
Holtzworth, Chas. C.
Hosband, Guy S.

Irwin, Benjamin H.
Lucas, Boyd L.
McElwain, Harry E.
McElwain, Loren C.
Parsons, Everet L.
Peters, Howard C.
Rowan, John T.
Ryan, Marlin McC.
Stere, Joseph P.

### Benner Township, North.

Albright, Wm F
Breon, Wm Peter
Bonshock, Metro
Benzie, Wash
Benzie, Egnuts
Dimeo, Jannis
Dimeo, Ernest
Eckley, Fern Lewis
Fargnot, Guiseppe
Grove, Roy Wm
Hull, James Roy
Holderman, Harry A
Holderman, Alvin M
Kyler, Albert Wm
Lucas, Simon Henry
McClelland, Herbert D
Marshall, Lester L
Neese, John W
Rider, Geo Wesley
Shope, Homer C
Shivery, Andrew J
Spicer, Malcolm L
Shaffer, Joel Sam'l
Witmer, Wm Calvin
Walker, Harvey Elsworth

Abuse, Lewis
Breon, Elmer
Behres, J W Mck
Benzie, John
Benner, Russell G
Dimeo, Frank
Eckley, Paul N
Frazier, Jas R
Gummo, Rob't B
Glass, Howard G
Hoover, George
Heckman, Fred O
Hartsock Fred R
Krape, Boyd
Loose, Wm D
Marshall, Wm A
Marshall, L S
Resides, Paul
Rider, Calvin M
Sampsel, Lloyd
Shuey, John A
Spicer, John R
Smeltzer, Orvis C
Witmer, John E
Watson, Joseph S.

### Benner Township—South.

Breon, George R.
Bertram, Joseph F.
Crust, James F.
Clark, Charles E.
Clubbuck, Manley E.
Emenheizer, John W.
Grove, George W.
Hartman, Olevin B.
Hartle, Alois C.
Mulberger, Irvin P.
Markel, William W.
Noll, David S.

Peters, Homer W.
Peters, Howard O.
Royer, Allen C.
Rishel, John W.
Sampsell, Leroy
Sampsell, Ralph E.
Spicher, Charlie E.
Struble, Harry V.
Shuey, Olevri J.
Tressler, Alex. E.
Walters, Earl E.
Weaver, John H.

### Boggs Township, North Precinct.

Boyer, Brinsley D
Confer, Ezekiel B
Confer, Irvin L
Heaton, Arthur Jas
Lucas, Orvis
Packer, James C
Shawley, Wm Clair
Weller, Chester

Confer, Philip
Confer, Claud
Emenhizer, E G
Kessling, Harry F
Malone Ralph E
Richner, Clair
Wensel, Oscar J

### Boggs Township, East Precinct.

Allen, John
Barnhart, Rob't P
Behers, Geo Dale
Curtin, Harry H
Hazzard, LeRoy
Korman, Jas Bruce
Korman, Chas Ray
Lucas, Jessie M
Lucas, Ross Raymond
Neff, Lott Hensyl
Spear, Howard L
Schindlen, Nevin E
Williams, Aludngs P

Bradley, Jas E
Barnhart, S B
Barnhart, V J
Garman, Geo A
Korman, Rufus D
Kline, Edward A
Kelly, Owen
Lucas, James E
Nyman, Oscar M
Prince, Clair E
Shay, Jacob H
Shultz, Franklin A
Watkins, Fred E

### Boggs Township—West.

Alkens, Perry J.
Bullard, Harry
Bachman, Wilbur J.
Bowmaster, Geo. R.
Barndt, William T.
Bennett, Paul L.
Davidson, Harold F.
Davidson, Joseph H.
Davidson, Lewis E.
Emenhizer, Chas. E.
Eisenhauer, F. K.
Emenhizer, Alf. G.
Fisher, John H.
Fetzer, Leroy E.
Fetzer, Raymond M.
Fetzer Aaron J.
Fetzer, Ross C.
Fetzer, Glendon E.
Gates, Harry J.
Harvey, Lloyd E.
Haines, Milford R.
Hull, Arthur C.
Johnson, Edward R.
Johnson, Andrew G.
Kauffman, Elmer

Kauffman, Earl
Lauch, Chas. W. N.
McKinley, Homer F.
McKinley, Henry F.
McKinley, Roy E.
McLaughlin, R. M.
Musser, Ralph M.
Nagle, How. E. G.
Oswalt, James L.
Orlidge, Alfred J.
Peters, Clyde W.
Poorman, Clyde W.
Reese, Edwin
Reese, Joseph
Reese, McClellan
Shank, Samuel I.
Sliker, James C.
Sheckler, Charles
Thomas, Harold
Weaver, Clar. W.
Watson, Clarence E.
Watson, Robert E.
Walker, Lloyd C.
Witherite, Harry B.
Watson, Joseph S.

### Burnside Township.

Askey, James R.
Eaton, Galen S.
Fye, Allen J.
Fye, Clyde C.
Fye, Rolland G.
Force, John W.
Hoover, Raymond
Hoover, William
Hipple, Charles F.

Hoover, Edward E.
Meeker, Harry
Meeker, Martin L.
Pluebell,, Earl H.
Palinkas, Steve A.
Veidofer, Leonard B.
Veidofer, Clyd M.
Williams, Clyde A.
Yothers, Myron L.

### College Township.

Armstrong, W B
Band, Earl E
Bathgate, Emmett F
Beaver, Frank B
Benner, Wm H
Bohn, Alvin A
Boyer, Gilbert M
Campbell, Clyde A
Coble, Chas W
Dale, John A
Dunkleberger, Geo
Evey, Forest W
Fike, George J
Fogleman, Sam'l E
Grove, Wm L
Havener, Harry H
Houtz, James O
Houtz, Robert E
Homan, Waldo E
Hoy, John M
Johnson, Ernest
Kerstetter, Albert R
Kline, Earl L
Klinger, Jacob E
Keon, George H
Korman, Walter R.
Kramer, Jacob ,K
Long, Carl H
Miller, Jacob B
Noll, George A

Armstrong, E M
Barber, Louis V
Bathgate, Willis B
Benner, Harry N
Bern, Harvey N
Bohn, John A
Brobeck, L D
Coble, Chas T
Cox, Wm F
Dale, Wm R
Etters, John E
Ewing, Orvis C
Fogleman, H F
Fogleman, Wm E
Harlow, R C
Herman, Wm W
Houtz, Oran S
Houtz, Wilbur A
Hoy, Benj C
Jackson, Harry F
Keller, John D
Kerstetter, L W
Kline, Geo W
Klinger, James E
Korman, Irvin C
Krumrine, A R
Leach, Chas W
Meckley, Fred J
Musser, Wm E
Ratcliffe, Earl A

Reish, Frank E
Robinson, James H
Rossman, Boyd L
Schreffler, Chas R
Shearer, Chas A
Shuey, Dale L
Shuey, Jesse T
Spicer, Odie C
Struble, Clyde I
Throp, James W
Tressler, Wm R
Walty, Alfred W
Weaver, Joseph I
Williams, Oran R
Witman, Chas W
Zong, Edward D

Rhoads, Edw L
Rockey, Andrew C
Rossman, R R
Sents, Henry, Jr
Showers, Wm C
Shuey, George A
Snyder, Keller W
Spicer, Otto E
Tate, Lloyd E
Tressler, Samuel C
Walker, Alfred H
Watkins, Wm E
Whitehead, C L
Wilson, I D
Witmer, Alfred C

### Curtin Township—North.

Burd, George
Confer, Alvi J.
Confer, Howard C.
Confer, Clyde V.
Confer, Herbert D.
Confer, James M.
Confer, Lester J.
Cox, Milford W.
Cyphert, Oio B.
Deem, Roy M.
Dixson, Jacob R.
Foringer, Bert S.
Fravel, Charles C.
Hull, Harry S.
Jones, William
Kephart, James M.
Love, Leroy B.
Lucas, John A.
Miller, Wilson
Mock, George
Moore, Harry Y.

Packer, Oscar M.
Page, Christian B.
Parchomoviz, Usten
Poorman, Frank D.
Rayson, Harry
Russell, John E.
Shank, John E.
Shope, Clay A.
Shortlidge, Sam'l L
Singer, Harry D.
Slaver, James
Stone, Guy
Straneva, Mike
Walker, David
Walker, George H.
Watkins, Elmer M.
Watson, Clayton B.
Watson, Clyde M.
Woodumbo, Diado
Young, Charles W.
Young, Hensyl

### Curtin Township—South.

Baker, Howard P.
Brickely, Chester E.
Confer, Taylor C.
Hastings, Chester A.
Keller, Ward R.
Kirchoff, Ray F.
Long, Harry R.
Lucas, Raymond
Maines, William K.
Oyler, Melvin R.
Oyler, Milford M.

Singer, Charles D.
Singer, William S.
Weaver, Henry S.
Weaver, Irvin S.
Weaver, Lloyd J.
Womer, Floyd T.
Womer, Merrill W.
Yeager, Elmer E.
Yeager, Franklin W.
Yeager, Harold H.

### Ferguson Township, East Precinct.

Albert, Raymond B
Albright, Wallace
Bloom, Allen B
Burwell, Arthur L
Crader, Lewis A
Corl, Charles I
Corl, Peter Waldo
Dean, Jesse W
Divine, Wm R
Fromm, Morris I
Glenn, Wm H
Gummo, James A
Homer, Frank O
Hoy, Harry A
Johnson, Chester A
Keller, John L
Kern, Charles A
Knadel, Herman C
Loesch, Arthur L
Long, Elmer R
Markle, Winfield S
Marshall, Lloyd T
Meckley, Wm M
Musser, John F
Neidigh, J G
Poswaters, John H
Ross, Chas M
Royer, Wm H
Showers, Ray L
Smeltzer, Joseph E
Stover, Chas E
Strause, Henry L
Tate, Fred B
Troestle, Ernest N
Wheland, Allan L
Williams, James R
Wold, Chas V

Albright, Frank
Barger, Milton H
Bodle, Samuel B
Chedsey, Wm R
Cramer, N R
Corl, Clayton L
Dean, James A
DeTurk, Ernest E
Dunlop, Geo R
Fry, Geo B McC
Grubb, Homer A
Hess, Sam'l McW
Horner, Geo M
Illingworth, H S
Johnson, F W
Kepler, Aaron C
Kirk, Elisha T
Lauck, Chas D
Loesch, Geo A
Lutz, Daniel I
Marshall, Edw M
Martin, John C
Mong, Chas L
Neidigh, Dorsey L
Osman, Wm K
Ripka, Lloyd E
Rossman, Guy D
Saul, Geo A
Shuey, Loyd C
Spotts, Edwin I
Stover, Ralph W
Sunday, Chas E
Tate, Samuel H
Walker, John S
Williams, Fred
Witmer, Oscar J
Corl, G C

### Ferguson Township—West.

Bloom, Charles H.
Dearmit, Clar. E.
Davis, Raymond L.
Dearmit, C. E. L.
Ellenberger, Lloyd J.
Eaves, Albert O.
Frank, Chas. E.
Gardner Boyd McW.
Gates, Robert B.
Gates, Walter C.
Gummo, Wm. A.
Gates, Chas. S. D.
Harpster, Harry H.
Harpster, Ralph H.
Harshberger, G. W.
Harpster, Ira C.
Homan, Samuel A.
Harpster, Isaac G.
Houser, Karl M.

Irvin, George Hugh
Luke, Benjamin H.
Laird, Archy J.
McElwain, Herb. C.
Myers, Roy S.
Miller, William H.
Meese, Robert J.
Rider, Luther H.
Price, Clyde
Reed, Robert W.
Rossman, John F.
Smith, George A.
Sunday, Wilbur R.
Stewart, Harrison A.
Ward, Paul C.
Weaver, Clarence A.
Walker, Ralph S.
Ward, Warren S., Jr.

### Gregg Township—N. P.

Bartges, Winfield
Feltenberger, Edgar I.
Jackson, George F.
Long, Harvey A.
Napp Lawrence
Ross, Earl A.
Vonada, J. L.
Wise, Ernest H.

Eungard, John A.
Grenoble, Harry L.
Long, Harry W.
Musser, Harry C.
Rachau, Lloyd A.
Shook, John P.
Vonada, Earl E.

### Gregg Township—E. P.

Auman, Meroyne R.
Beck, Samuel H.
Breon, Willis E.
Carter, Chas. F.
Corman, Elmer R.
Ebert, Edward B.
Houser, Lloyd A.
Krumrine, Roy H.
Lingle, Jerome I.
Meese, Charles
Shook, James K.
Shook, Ralph H.
Smith, Chas. D.
Smith, George W
Strouse, Robert P.
Weaver, Chas. D.
Zerby, Joseph C.

Bartges, Earl B.
Breon, Reuben B.
Brown, Boise H.
Confer, Arch H.
Confer, Harry R.
Heckman, Nester S.
Immel, Henry F.
Lingle, Jasper A.
Musser, Lee
Neese, Franklin A.
Shook, John G.
Sheats, Boyd L.
Smith, Elmer W.
Smith, Robert W.
Vonada, Fred A.
West, Chas. I.

### Gregg—W. P.

Albright, John B.
Bartley, Roy L.
Breon, Wm. H.
Boob, Raymond P.
Condo, Lester R.
Confer, Thomas
Cradre, Frank K.
Finkle, Rufus R.
Gentzel, Samuel R.
Hallman, Clark
Hasenplug, W. C.
Homan, Edward E.
Hass, Geo. L.
Immel, George
Lee, Jacob R.
Lingle, Albert S.
Lingle, Clyde E.
Lingle, John G.

## CENTRE COUNTY REGISTRATION.

(Continued from page 6.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Bosak, Andy M. | Biggins, John M. |
| Bertizzi, Guessipi | Botsan, John P. |
| Belko, John | Balinsky, Charles |
| Biggins, Michael | Brunyak, Mike |
| Bighiel, Herman S. | Bosack, John |
| Biggens, Nicholas | Belko, Andy |
| Brooks, Harry | Boyd Chas. A. |
| Cristeua, Bob | Cortesa, Giovana |
| Cardeen, Percy J. | Crestena, Domenico |
| Cortesa, Gasper | Chismar, Steph. J. |
| Casmuda, Paul | Casperovish, Antony |
| Cashillivo, James | Cortise, John |
| Collins, Philip J. | Cole, Chester R. |
| Chlesnar, John H. | Chambers, Thos. P. |
| Carver, Oscar | Drapcho, Joseph |
| Duraesko, Martin | Dixon, Alex B. |
| Drapcho, Emro | Drochok, Fred |
| Eguuts, Adam | Etters, Harry W. |
| Etters, Ralph R. | Freedman, Jacob |
| Franek, Steve | Frulek, Paul |
| Guovick, John | Gunia, George |
| Grobetter, Pallano | Grukok, Gabriel |
| Gombort, Andy | Guinar, John |
| Gladstone, Harry | Girarda, Santa |
| Gacek, George | Gomb, Stanley |
| Hudock, Clement | Hazzard, Ellis B. |
| Hooreth, Andy | Hauser, Harry H. |
| Holben Alphanso A. | Hudock, John |
| Handza, Andy | Horowitz, John |
| Heylmun, Stanley L. | Hauser, Wm. E. |
| Harnish, Lloyd J. | Handza, John |
| Harrington, M. W. | Heaton, Warren M. |
| Jacobs, George | Jacobs, Mike |
| Jarande, John | Johnson, Chas. J. |
| Jowreski, Walter | Jombowsky, K. |
| Jacobs, John | Jendresak, John |
| Kadar, Nick | Kavilla, George |
| Korrilla, Mike | Kubas, Thomas |
| Kachik, John | Kachik, Andrew J. |
| Koshko, Michael | Klapek, Michael J. |
| Kastelik, John A. | Krionchy, Antonie |
| Kosik, John M. | Kobochik, Andy |
| Kush, Michael | Kachik, Geo. M. |
| Kachik, Geo. P. | Koshko, John |
| Koshko, Andrew | Kachik, John M. |
| Kusmash, Andy | Kochik, Steve |
| Kolano, Nick | Krumine, Joseph |
| Lesso, Michael | Lomison, Claude E. |
| Ludwig, John J. | Lesco, Joseph G. |
| Lauck, David H. | Lawrence, Andy Jr |
| Luckasavage, John | Lucas, John E. |
| McCloskey, Thos. C. | McCartney, F. M. |
| McKissick, Elmer E. | McCloskey, H. I. |
| McCloskey, Larry E. | McCartney, Lloyd |
| McCartney, Chas. O. | McGowan, F. J. |
| McCloskey, Chas. W. | McCartney, E. W. |
| Moore, Oliver | Mattey, George |
| Mayasi, Orazic | Mili Antonio |
| Magur, Paul | Meckley, Leslie E. |
| Meciliek, Frank | Moraine, Del Mago |
| Moody, James | Onder, Andy Jr. |
| Oswalt, Wharton M. | Pizzin, Givonni |
| Petro, Andy | Pedessa, George |
| Padisak, Joe | Pedlock, Pete |
| Pacipka, Emro | Pasquarello, Mike |
| Ponist, Joseph | Pezzin, Pietro |
| Padishak, Lewis | Pali, Frank |
| Padesak, Steve | Puhalla, Steve M. |
| Powlik, Gasper | Puhalla, Joe S. |
| Pagac, Steve | Puhalla, Jos. J. |
| Quick, Wm. T. | Rictorick, Andrew |
| Rodgers, James | Rushnock, And. F. |
| Rosky, John | Starrie, John |
| Serada, Chas. | Skratto, Joseph |
| Screpek, John | Sepric, Martin |
| Safko, Frank | Spila, Andy |
| Sisko, Joseph | Stasko, Michael |
| Swancur, Vallant | Swancur, Cashmer |
| Stania, John | Swart, Chas. F. |
| Stark, Thomas | Shreffler, Jas. A. |
| Statchik, John | Sweitzer, Joseph |
| Sabol, Steve | Safko, John M. |
| Sapula, John | Selcik, Michael |
| Tynia, George | Tobias, Andrew G. |
| Turbisky, John M. | Urbonix, Joseph |
| Urbansk, Frank | Virbitzy, John |
| Veneziono, Rosey | Waxler, Joseph |
| Wozniok, Peter | Witherite, T. O. |
| Womer, Samuel F. | Yatchik, George |
| Yeczna, Peter | Yalack, Frank |
| Yuychek, Frank | Yendresak, Jos. |
| Zimmerman, John | |

**Snow Shoe Township—West.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Beals, Orlando | Lomison, Lyman W. |
| Cartwright, Jas. E. | Lucas, Guy |
| Cartwright, John J. | Lucas, Mahlon |
| Craft, Herbert B. | McGowan, Chas. J. |
| Carlson, Charles M. | McNish, Thomas |
| Carlson, Oscar T. | Mayes, Andrew J. |
| Culver, William B. | Petarick, John |
| Fye, Gordon | Quick, Homer L. |
| Fye, Edward E. | Quick, Alden C. |
| Fye, Henry E. | Tubridy, Edward B. |
| Fye, Henry M. | Vangorder, Elmer R. |
| Genot, John J. | Watson, Marlin F. |
| Holt, Walter E. | Watson, Clayton J. |
| Heaton, Walter E. | Walker, George T. |
| Hazzard, Albert | Wagner, David D. |
| Kerin, Arthur M. | Watson, Norman C. |
| Kerin, Michael A. | Watson, Clair J. |
| Lucas, Harry H. | Williamson, Ray'd |
| Lucas, Oscar A. | Yandes, Milfred C. |

**Spring Township—North.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Beezer, Richard A. | Love, Linn T. |
| Beezer, Joseph L. | Lyons, Feam |
| Corman, William R. | Lyons, Peter |
| Corman, Ernest W. | Miller, William A. |
| Corman, Harry A. | Miller, George W. |
| Coll, Harold G. | Miller, David E. |
| Coldren, Roy A. | Musser, George D. |
| Dugan, William D. | Miller, Winfield I. |
| Felmlee, Laird | Martin, Samuel R. |
| Gordan, Samuel F. | Mulberger, Sam'l V. |
| Grove, Earle B. | Miller, Russell B. |
| Harter, Lawrence E. | Parks, Frank P. |
| Hanley, Thomas H. | Pardoe, Willard G. |
| Haupt, Albert | Shaffer, William W. |
| Johnson, Paul M. | Saylor, James R. |
| Jakicic, Steve | Shope, William F. |
| Kozar, John | Smith, William |
| Kerstetter, Wm. R. | Shultz, Samuel |
| Klinger, Robert I. | Taylor, Curtin C. |
| Lyons, Edward O. | Ward, Harry L. |
| Lutz, Ray E. | Walker, George T. |
| Laushell, Wm. J. | Wian, John S. |

**Spring Township, South Precinct.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Armstrong, Harry M | Brooks, D L |
| Baylets, Daniel W | Barner, Chas F |
| Bilger, Wm Reuben | Crust, Jay L |
| Corl, Boyd A | Corman, Delb't W |
| Corman, Harry | Gross, Wm |
| Grove, Clarence C | Danch, Nick |
| Dunzik, Fred | Dunkleberger, A G |
| Dunkleberger W I | Dunkleberger, C |
| Dawson, Harry W | Durkee, Wm M |
| Eckenroth, Wm E | Eckenroth, J H |
| Eckenroth, H E | Frazer, Howard F |
| Fike, Wm G | Florey, Chas R |
| Garver, Andrew G | Gentzell, Earl J |
| Gill, Lester M | Gummon, J B |
| Grove, Herbert F | Gentzel, Paul M |
| Gill, Robert | Herman, John R |
| Houtz, Walter J | Hazel, Wm R |
| Hauser, Edgar R | Henry, Albert L |
| Hazel, Thos Clair | Hockenberry, J W |
| Hile, Fremont, | Haines, Jos E |
| Hull, Edw J | Hennigh, F C |
| Irvin, Samuel | Krayalaire, Jos |
| Keller, Danid L | Lokak, Mike |
| Lutz, Fred N | Mulfinger, Edw |
| Mante, Joseph S | Marks, John F |
| Meyers, James L | Meyer, Victor L |
| Maher, James | Meyer, Hunter T |
| Mulfinger, Frederick | Noll, Calvin Roy |
| Noll, Ralph W | Packer, Thos A |
| Packer, Chas E | Park, James |
| Packer, Richard R | Rumberger, J P |
| Ripka, Willard E | Ripka, Clyde H |
| Rimmey, James E | Ray, Loren A |
| Ross, Joseph T | Reish, Clayton W |
| Rumberger, S B | Russel, Jos |
| Rice, Blair A | Rachau, Wm O |
| Scocdish, Mike | Showers, Ward M |
| Steinberg, Hyman S | Swartz, James B |
| Shawley, Harry M | Showers, Geo H |
| Smoyer, Jos F | Smeltzer, Harry C |
| Scheckengast, E M | Swartz, Roy E |
| Steinburg, Louis S | Sommers, Edgar W |
| Sndjanich, Geo | Smith, Harry M |
| Tibbens, Earl O | Uhl, Wm Roy |
| Viehdorfer, Ira B | Waite, Earl L |
| White, Lyman H | Warner, Harold A |
| Wells, Guy | Weaver, Wm F |
| Weaver, Samuel F | White, Epley |
| Weaver, Nerr D | Young, Henry C |
| Zimmerman, Roy F | |

**Spring Township—West.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Auman, Morris E. | Lamb, Thomas J. |
| Ankanio, Quaranta | Lodisk, Joe |
| Baughman, Wm. M. | McKinley, Gilbert R. |
| Barrett, James A. | Mosullo, Luie |
| Blough, Harvey | Miller, William J. |
| Billett, Fred | Minnemeyer, C. R. |
| Bariett, Harry L. | Minnemeyer, F. W. |
| Crofford, William T. | Miter, Frank |
| Cole, Darius W. | Peese, Thomas F. |
| Cox, Harry G. | Peese, Joseph V. |
| Cathcart, Philip D. | Quisi, Gospe |
| Dann, Victor | Quisi, John |
| Davis, Thurman T. | Reed, Boyd |
| Dawson, Victor P. | Rhoads, Albert W. |
| Davis, Niles E. | Rossman, Isaac T. |
| Emel, James T. | Rosi, Peter |
| Eminhizer, Willis W. | Reed, George T. |
| Grove, Roy H. | Rhoads, Wilbert G. |
| Gordon, Benjamin T. | Rossman, Elmer E. |
| Hallabaugh, Fred W. | Reed, Doris |
| Horner, Leslie C. | Stover, William D. |
| Hollobaugh, E. L. | Sager, George |
| Hassinger, Robt H. | Stover, Snyder T. |
| Hollobaugh, H. L. | Straub, James A. |
| Hampton, Edw. J. | Tenallia, James |
| Housel, Guy E. | Tate, Ernest C. |
| Hilliard, Henry C. | Tate, Budd F. |
| Horner, John M. | Tenallia, Sam |
| Jumbo, Antonio | Verchuia, Dianonto |
| Justice, Homer E. | Watson, William A. |
| Jumbo, Nick | Wolfe, John E. |
| Kellerman, Harry E. | Witmer, Paul S. |
| Keeler, Roy W. | Wolfe, Clayton O. |
| Kellerman, Geo. S. | Wolfe, Ira I. |
| Lee, Charles B. | Wilson, James A. |

**Taylor Township.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bechwith, Geo. B. | Marks, George R. |
| Boyle, Harry E. | Merryman, Geo. T. |
| Conrad, Benson D. | Nearhoof, Elmer H. |
| Dickson, Raymond J. | Richard, Thomas A. |
| Fink, Walter | Skwasik, Andy J. |
| Fink, Jacob | Stimer, Daniel H. |
| Goss, William O. | Walk, Howard F. |
| Howard, Simon R. | Walk, Frank |
| Erwin, Thomas F. | Walk, Chandler M. |
| Larkin, Alfred L. | Walk, Sylvester |
| Lewis, Ira | Weaver, Harrison |

**Union Township.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Ammerman, F R | Alexander, J K |
| Brower, Harry G | Barton, Jos H |
| Barton, Lawrence B | Bruss, Chas E |
| Boob, Clair W | Burd, Clair |
| Calhoun, Roy | Casper, David E |
| Coldwell, Freeman R | Custer, Arthur G |
| Fisher, Fred E | Flick, Jas L |
| Flick, Joseph D | Fisher, J Harold |
| Heaton, Clarence | Hall, Benner |
| Hosband, Earl C | Hall, LeRoy |
| Hogencamp, Thos A | Hipple, Albert W |
| Hall, Norman W | Hipple, Reuben E |
| Kerchner, Harry I | Kirkpatrick, C A |
| Lansen, Lawrence L | Lucas, Laws E |
| Lanner, Robert | Marshall, T V |
| Mitchell, Glen R | Mitchell, Ralph L |
| Mitchell, Edw R | Resides, N E |
| Resides, Wm | Snyder, Harry E |
| Shirk, Samuel P | Shirk, James H |
| Spotts, John W | Singleton, Leon |
| Weller, Worten | Walker, Edw T |
| Williams, Kenzie A | Way, Elwood H |
| Calhoun, D W | |

**WALKER TOWNSHIP—E. P.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Allison, Robert F. | Beck, John D. |
| Emerick, Charles M. | Emerick, Paul R. |
| Fohringer, John B. | Fye, Howard M. |
| Hinds, Thomas R. | Hessinger, John R. |
| Long, George E. | McDonald, Wm. H. |
| McClure, Kiner C. | McClure, R. C. |
| Nolan, James G. | Nolan, Ray E. |
| Peck, Karl H. | Robb, Thomas M. |
| Rogers, Forrest G. | Rossman, C. E. |
| Showers, Russell | Showers, Chas. L. |
| Olantwinkleman, H. | Yarnell, Delmont |
| Yarnell, Harry O. | Young, Elias E. |

**WALKER TOWNSHIP—M. P.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Deitrick, David A. | Deitrick, Leo E. |
| Deitrick, Leslie J. | Dunkle, William R. |
| Henry, Grover C. | Hetman, Clifford A. |
| Hoy, Harold L. | Lamen, Joseph H. |
| Lamen, Harold L. | Lowery, Russell |
| Markle, Elias W. | Markle, Lewis E. |
| McCurdy, Grover C. | Smith, Harry G. |
| Smith, John E. | Stover, Orvis G. |
| Swartz, Lewis C. | Vanada, Adam H. |
| Wolford, Amos | Zimmerman, H. J. |

**WALKER TOWNSHIP—W. P.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bennett, Harry R. | Clements, Roy M. |
| Clevenstine, J. S. | Eby, William C. |
| Grenoble, Lester W. | Grenoble, Morris H. |
| Gruiser, Lloyd E. | Harter, Allen W. |
| Hinds, Charles E. | Hockman, Austin F. |
| Hockman, Clyde E. | Hockman, John C. |
| Hockman, John H. | Hoy, Roy M. |
| Krape, Ward C. | Neff, Ellery |
| Neff, Irvin G. | Shoffer, William |
| Shoffer, James T. | Vangorder, Chas. A. |
| Vonada, Arthur N. | Vonada, Charles F. |
| Vonada, George E. | Vonada, Paul A. |
| Yarnell, Wm. O. | Yearick, Harvey F. |
| Zimmerman, Lewis S. | |

**WORTH TOWNSHIP.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Adams, John Q. | Bennett, Harry |
| Bennett, Marion I. | Bennett, Wilmer A. |
| Bennett, Charles H. | Bickle, George |
| Bigelow, William | Crain, Harrison N. |
| Cupp, Harry C. S. | Daughenbaugh, C. |
| Daughenbaugh, I. A. | Ebbs, Hall G. |
| Fye, Edward R. | Gates, Walter C. |
| Gates, Allen J. | Harris, T. J. |
| Jones, Harry P. | Kelley, Ernest |
| Laird, Chillis G. | Laird, Jont'hn G. |
| Laird, Henry G. | Laird, Fred E. |
| Laird, Uriah P. | Lytle, William D. |
| Moore, Frederick | Patton, James R. |
| Patton, S. W. | Reese, LeRoy |
| Rhoades, Edwin A. | Rickards, David R. |
| Robinson, Alexander | Robison, Budd |
| Robison, Harry H. | Ross, Lizlye E. |
| Shively, Ray E. | Shope, Harry S. |
| Shawver, George F. | Seigle, Frank H. |
| Spotts, Henry | Spotts, William N. |
| Steimer, John T. | Stine, Elmer J. |
| Stiver, Norman R. | Stiver, George |
| Thompson, Harold A. | Turner, Paul W. |
| Williams, Robert P. | Williams, Aaron Q. |
| Williams, M. E. | Williams, Ralph E. |
| Williams, John O. | Wilson, James H. |
| Wiser, Gordon H. | Weaver, Paul R. |
| Woods, Miles W. | Young, Chester M. |

### Handicapped by His Name.

The handicap of a poet's name was illustrated in the case of Mr. William Wordsworth, who was the eldest surviving grandson of the poet. Mr. Wordsworth was a great scholar and a poet himself of high distinction. A volume of his sonnets was issued privately some years ago. On account of the similarity of his name with that of his grandfather, he always refused to publish any of his poetical writings, though pressed to do so by the people of such high authority as Matthew Arnold, who described one of his sonnets as the finest in the English language. —Montreal Star.

Read "The Republican." $1.50 a year.

# OUR FOREIGN BORN

## They Amount to Only a Seventh of the Whole Population.

## GERMANS IN THIS COUNTRY.

**More Than Eight Millions of Our People Are Natives of the Fatherland or Are Descended From Them—Interesting Immigration Facts.**

"During the last quarter of a century there has been a startling falling off in the percentage of Germans in the total number of immigrants who have come to our shores," says a bulletin of the National Geographic society. "With more than 17,000,000 immigrant arrivals since 1830 only 1,023,000 have been Germans, whereas in the 114 years between the establishment of the American republic and 1890 out of a total of 15,689,000 immigrants there were 5,125,000 Germans—every third arrival a Teuton.

"If from the 1,023,000 who have come to America since 1890, the period of greatest influx of foreigners, a proper deduction is made for those who returned to their home land and those who have died since their arrival it will be seen that there are fewer than a million former subjects of the kaiser in this country who have not been here more than twenty-six years. Of more than 8,600,000 people of German birth and immediate ancestry among us less than 1,000,000 fail to have the background of birth or long residence in America behind them.

"An examination of the statistics of American immigration shows that since the foundation of our government the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland has contributed 8,400,000 of her people and Germany more than 6,000,000. Ireland, with more than 4,000,000; Great Britain, with a little less than 4,000,000, and Scandinavia, with something less than 2,000,000, have, together with Germany, contributed more than half of the total immigration to our shores since the beginning of the Revolutionary war.

"Austria-Hungary stands next on the list of contributors to the immigrant stream that has flowed from Europe to America. Although Austro-Hungarians began to immigrate in considerable numbers only when the arrivals from western Europe had begun to fall off, sufficient have come from the dual monarchy to populate the state of Texas to its present density. Italy has sent us enough of her people to duplicate the population of Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico.

"The Russians who have come to our shores number 3,419,000. They could replace one-half of the population of New England.

"Although the people of foreign birth consitute only one-seventh of the country's population they contribute nearly one-fourth (22 per cent) of the arm bearing strength of the nation. At the last census many of the states had a greater number of foreign born men of arm bearing age than they had of native ancestry citizens, among them Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Wisconsin, Minnesota and North Dakota.

"Taking the states where those of foreign birth and their sons together constitute a major portion of the men between the ages of eighteen and forty-four, it will be found that the list includes the above named states and the following: New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, Michigan, South Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, Idaho, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington and California—in all twenty states. We have considerably more than 20,000,000 men of military age in the United States.

"Another striking fact of our immigration situation is the unusual preference of the foreign born and their children for the cities. Of the 35,000,000 foreign stock whites living in the United States approximately 23,000,000 live in the cities. In only fourteen of the fifty leading cities of the country do the whites of full native parentage constitute as much as half of the total population. Only one-fifth of the total population of New York and Chicago is of native white ancestry. Less than a third of the population of Boston, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Buffalo, San Francisco, Milwaukee, Newark, Minneapolis, Jersey City, Providence, St. Paul, Worcester, Scranton, Paterson, Fall River, Lowell, Cambridge and Bridgeport are of native ancestry.

"Conditions have played some curious pranks in the distribution of the immigrant population in the United States. More than two-thirds of the Germans live between the Hudson and the Mississippi and north of the Ohio. The same is true of the Austrians, the Belgians, the Hungarians, the Dutch, the Italians, the Russians and the Welsh. New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey have 47 per cent of the Austrians, 35 per cent of the English, 30 per cent of the Germans, 54 per cent of the Hungarians, 45 per cent of the Irish, 58 per cent of the Italians, 56 per cent of the Russians, 22 per cent of the Dutch, 34 per cent of the Scotch and 46 per cent of the Welsh in the United States."

## MOTION PICTURE FILMS.

**How They Are "Edited" Before They Reach the Public Eye.**

After a motion picture film has been developed and printed it is sent to the general manager or to the director to be "edited." Like an author's manuscript in the hands of an editor, it is shortened here and there, the captions altered, some parts entirely "cut" or deleted and the whole film dressed up to suit the ideas of the men closest in touch with the theater going public.

The editing takes place in the projection room, says the Popular Science Monthly, but the altering—cutting the film and changing it—is done in the cutting and assembling room by men who do nothing else. Sometimes the men in the cutting room ("cutters," in the trade lingo) are so overwhelmed and confused with orders issued by the studio officials that they are compelled to ask for additional explanations. Needless to say this wastes much time.

By means of the phonograph, however, one motion picture company is eliminating this waste and saving money. As the director watches a picture in the projection room he utters his editing orders into the transmitter of a dictating machine. The film is then sent back to the cutting room with the phonograph record.

## A SUBMARINE BASE.

**It Is a Supply and Repair Station For Undersea Boats.**

What is a "submarine base?" Well, a submarine base is, in a word, a supply and repair station for undersea boats. Craft of this kind are very elaborate and exceedingly delicate pieces of mechanism; they are liable to need tinkering at frequent intervals.

Hence there must be a machine shop on shore at the service of the boats when at intervals they return from cruises. There must also be a storehouse containing all kinds of supplies and spare parts for the submarines. Most important of all, there must be tanks of fuel oil.

Usually there is attached to the base a "mother ship"—a good sized steamer, with machinery aboard for making emergency repairs. The steamer also carries dynamos, which may be used for charging the batteries of the boats—though at sea the charging is accomplished by the oil engines that propel the submarine when on the surface.

When it is not practicable to establish such a shore station the "mother ship" may be utilized temporarily as a floating base.—Exchange.

### Fixed Ammunition.

It is to Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, whose reign began in 1611, that history gives credit for the invention of fixed ammunition. In his cartridges the bullets and the charge were united in a paper case. It was not, however, until 1850 that the first successful metallic cartridge was patented by an American.

### He Didn't Mind.

Mr. Hardhead—I have called, sir, to ask you for the hand of your daughter. Old Gentleman (with emotion)—She is the only child I have, and her mother is gone. Mr. Hardhead (hastily)—Oh, that's no objection, sir, I assure you.—London Telegraph.

### Ancestors.

Willie—Pop, what are ancestors? Father—Well, I'm one of yours, and your grandad is another. Willie—Oh, but why is it that folks brag about them?—Everybody's Magazine.

Be not like the anchor, which, although long at sea, never learns to swim.—Youth's Companion.

## DEER AND THEIR HORNS.

**They Get a New Pair Each Year, and the Bravest Get the Biggest.**

As every year horses shed their old coats for new ones, so the deer in our forests or parks drop their horns. Then, in about thirteen weeks, a new pair of horns arrives, but they are tender and easily hurt.

A deer's new horns are called "velvet" because they grow inside of a tough skin which is coarse and brown, like plush. For a long time he will not thrash his horns in the brush. It would be too painful.

When a deer is without horns he feels weak. When the new horns start and grow he begins to feel strong again. After awhile he tosses his head from side to side every day, and then he runs rapidly through the brush and undergrowth.

As his new horns become big they also become less easily hurt. In running through the brush the outer skin, or "velvet," is broken and peeled away. In the springtime the "velvet" drops off. The deer is then very proud of his new clothes.

If a deer is not afraid of pain he will try out his new horns long before his mates do. He will not wait until the "velvet" is gone. Wherever this outer skin is broken too soon the horn grows longer and larger. Thus it is that the bravest deer has the biggest pair of horns.—Albany Argus.

### Odd Geographical Division.

The range of the Blue Ridge mountains in Pennsylvania is divided by a river every twenty-seven miles, as follows: From the Susquehanna to the Swatara, twenty-seven miles; from the Swatara to the Schuylkill, twenty-seven miles; from the Schuylkill to the Lehigh, twenty-seven miles; from the Lehigh to the Delaware, twenty-seven miles. At the next twenty-seven miles is a hollow of New Jersey, in which nestles a lake known as Culver's pond.

### Right Thinking.

The quality of your friends is the quality of your thoughts. Think the thoughts of a thief and thieves will be your companions. Think clean, helpful, creative thoughts and surely your associates will be clean, helpful and creative. You attract to you what belongs to you.

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man an unhappy slave. For impure blood and sluggish liver, use Burdock Blood Bitters. On the market 35 years. $1.00 a bottle.

Read The Bellefonte Republican $1.50 in advance.

SEVEN BARKS
a Sure and Safe Remedy for
DYSPEPSIA and all STOMACH TROUBLES.
Seven Barks, which is the extract of Roots and Herbs, will make your food digest, banish Headaches, regulate your Liver and Kidneys, give you new life, and keep you well. Price 50 cts. a bottle at all druggists or from the proprietor,
Lyman Brown, 68 Murray St., New York City.

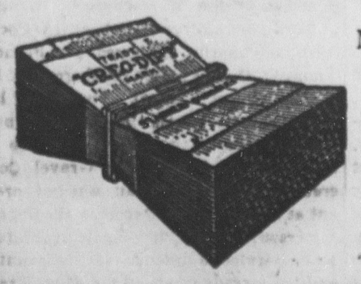
The Main Thing About
FIRE INSURANCE
Is carrying a sufficient amoun o really protect your property for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

Also represent The Preferred accident Insurance company of New York, which issues $5,000 ravel Policy at $12.00 er year.

Harry E. Fenlon
Temple Court - - - Bellefonte, Pa
Real Estate Bought and Sold,
RENTS COLLECTED.

We are at war
and it is a very serious thing.
The war must be financed.
Germany must be beaten, and dollars are necessary to do it.
Help your government and yourself by buying a Liberty Bond.
Help to show Germany that we are a united, patriotic people.
Write or telephone us and we will do the rest.
A United States bond is the safest investment in the world.
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BELLEFONTE, PA.

P. B. CRIDER & SON
Office, Lumber Yard and Planing Mill at Lamb St. Bridge, Bellefonte, Pa. Manufacturer and Dealer in
Western, Southern and Local Lumber.
Of Every Kind and Quality.
Boards, Plank, Timber, Plastering Lath, Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Frames, Interior Finish, Porch Work, Sash, Doors, Mouldings and Novelties in Wood.
Distributing Agents For


Mauck's Red Seal Brand of Pacific Coast Red Cedar Shingles.
Creo Dipt Red Cedar Shingles. All colors and Best Quality.
Bird & Son's Neponset Shingles. Paroid Roofing and Wall Board.
Call, Write or phone for information
Bell Phone 170-J. Commercial Phone 44-Y
P. B. CRIDER & SON

$3.25 ROUND TRIP
SPECIAL SUNDAY EXCURSION
NIAGARA FALLS
The Scenic Wonder of the World
SUNDAY, JUNE 24
THE TRIP OF A LIFETIME
See the world-famous Niagara, the American and Horseshoe Falls, the rapids above the whirlpool below; the Three Sister Islands, Goat Island, Luna Island, Prospect Park; on the American side, and Victoria Park, on the Canadian side, both free to the public; with a chance to take a ride on "The Great Gorge Route" or cross the border to a Foreign Land.
$3.00 ROUND TRIP Buffalo
The Gateway to the Great Lakes.
SPECIAL THROUGH TRAIN, Without Change of Cars, LEAVES

| Saturday, June 23 | | Saturday, June 23 | | Saturday, June 23 | | Arrive Buffalo | 6.55 a. m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lewisburg | 9.00 p. m. | Rising Springs | 10.27 p. m. | Milesburg | 11.50 p. m. | Arrive Niagara Falls, New York Cent. Lines | 8:00 a. m. |
| Vicksburg | 9.10 p. m. | Centre Hall | 10.43 p. m. | Curtin | 11.56 p. m. | RETURNING LEAVES | |
| Mifflinburg | 9.18 p. m. | Linden Hall | 10.52 p. m. | Sunday, June 24 | | Niagara Falls, New York Cent. Lines | 4.55 p. m. |
| Millmont | 9.28 p. m. | Oak Hall | 10.59 p. m. | Howard | 12.06 a. m. | Buffalo | 6.00 p. m. |
| Glen Iron | 9.35 p. m. | Lemont | 11.05 p. m. | Beech Creek | 12.16 a. m. | | |
| Coburn | 10.12 p. m. | Bellefonte | 11.40 p. m. | Mill Hall | 12.26 a. m. | | |

TICKETS ON SALE BEGINNING JUNE 22.
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD